WANTS
ONE CENT
ONE WORD
ONE ISSUE
THE COLONIST.

The Daily Colonist.

THE LARGEST AND BEST selected stock of Chemicals and Toilet Articles in the Province at CAMPBELL'S PRECORIPTION STORE, cor. Fort and Douglas Sts. INSPECTION INVITED.

VOL LXXIII.---NO. 104. VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA FRIDAY APRIL 12 1895. THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR

Ladies' Combination Sets....

HAIR COMBS—Side and Back.
OZARINA BUCKLES—The Latest.
UMBRELLA CLASPS.

Are some of the hundreds of New Novelties in Sterling Silver, etc., just arriving for the coming season. Get your choice by coming early.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,

47 Government Street, opposite Bank of B.C.

FINE LIQUEURS

PUT UP BY

MARIE, BRIZARD & ROGER,

BORDEAUX.

Creme de Menthe,
Peppermint,
Curacao,
Marischino,
Cacao Chouva, etc., etc.

FOR SALE BY THE

HUDSON'S BAY CO'Y.

JUST ARRIVED.

A Carload of Confectionery. . . . .
A Carload of Fancy Biscuits and Cakes.
100 Cases Australian Creamery Butter.
Bonaparte Seed Potatoes . . . . .

SIMON LEISER & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

1-7 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

THE BIGGEST

Stock of the latest styles in TAN SHOES at Erskine's. Piccadilly Toes, Oxford Ties, etc. All prices are purse-pleasers. : : :

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COR. GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS.

FREE FROM ALL IMPURITIES.

"REINDEER" BRAND

CONDENSED MILK.

See that you get the "Reindeer" Brand.

BUY

LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY'S

WORLD-FAMOUS

Corned Beef . . .
Roast Beef . . . .
Lunch Tongues.
Etc., etc . . . . . .

NOT DEARER THAN OTHERS, BUT BETTER.

jal-

A DISPLAY OF THE NEW OPALINE PHOTOS

In natural colors, can be seen at

SAVANNAH'S PHOTO PARLORS,

mr31-1m Five Sisters Block, Fort Street.

MUSICAL CARD.

Mr. W. Edgar Buck, (formerly pupil of Manuel Garcia, London, Eng.,) Professor of Voice Culture and Singing. (Italian method), will receive a limited number of pupils during the months of April, May and June, at special rates, viz.: 1 lesson weekly, $5 per month; 2 lessons weekly, $8 per month; payable monthly. Apply Waitt's Music Store. mr24-1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A partner with about $2,000, in the Oriental import business, at Vancouver; established connections; samples on hand. Address Orient, Colonist office. ap12-3t

WANTED—A small grocery business doing a fair trade Apply, with information as to trade, stock, and price required, to Grocer, Colonist office. ap12-1t

FOR SALE—Eighty acres near McPherson's Station, 2 acres cleared, 7 or 8 acres slashed; chicken house and shed; very cheap at $150 Also 200 acres near Alberni Townsite at $8 per acre on easy terms, and 6 per cent interest. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas st.

WILL the man who bought some Ipecac Wine at Jackson's Drug Store on Sunday night, March 31, please call there again. ap12 2t

FOR SALE—Peterboro canoe for $20; paddles, etc., complete. A. H. Harman, Oak Bay. ap12-1t

CALLA LILIES for Easter decoration. A. J. Woodward. Ross Bay. ap12-2t

LOST—On Esquimalt Road, a bundle of flags. The finder will be rewarded by returning same to Switch Store, Esquimalt Road. ap12-2t

MONEY TO LOAN—On Victoria Real Estate. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas st.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Receive personal attention, and the Drugs we use are absolutely pure.

JOHN COCHRANE,
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST,
Gold Medalist Ontario College of Pharmacy.
Corner of Yates and Douglas Streets.

BRIDGE CLOSED.

NOTICE is hereby given that Craigflower Bridge will be closed for repairs on and after Monday, the 15th instant.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C. 9th April, 1895.
ap12-2w-d&w

NOTICE.

FRIDAY the 12th day of April, instant, and Monday, the 15th idem, being Statute holidays, the Public Offices of the Provincial Government will be closed on those days.

By Command.
A. CAMPBELL REDDIE,
Deputy Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
9th April, 1895. ap12-3t

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

27th March, 1895.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor, under the provisions of the "Pharmacy Act, 189 ," as amended by the "Pharmacy Act Amendment Act, 1895," has been pleased to appoint the following members of the Pharmaceutical Association of British Columbia' namely: T. M. HENDERSON, of the City of Victoria, CHARLES NELSON, of the City of Vancouver, and T. A. MUIR, of the City of New Westminster, Esquires, a Board of Examiners for the current year.

29th March, 1895.

His Honour the Lieutenant Governor, under the provisions of the "Dentistry Consolidation Act, 1895," has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned members a Board of Examiners to hold office for the several terms placed opposite their respective names, and until their successors have been duly appointed, namely:—

THOMAS J. JONES, of the City of Victoria, Esquire, L.D.S., for five years.

W. J. CURRIE, of the City of Nanaimo, Esquire, D.D.S., for four years.

A. J. HOLMES, of the City of New Westminster, Esquire, D.D.S., for three years.

C. H. GATEWOOD, of the City of Vancouver, Esquire, D.D.S., for two years.

ALBERT R. BAKER, of the City of Victoria, Esquire, D.D.S., for one year. ap12-1w

In the Matter of the British Columbia Pottery & Terra Cotta Company, Limited Liability.

Notice is hereby given that by an order made by the Supreme Court of British Columbia in the above matter, dated the 9th day of April, 1895, it was ordered that the above-named Company should be wound up under the provisions of the Winding Up Act, and by a further order of the said Court dated the 10th day of April, 1895, it was ordered that Arnold Foster Barham be provisional liquidator of the affairs of the said Company.

Notice is also hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the said Company will be held in the Chamber Court at the Court House, Victoria, on Friday, the 19th day of April, 1895, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of ascertaining the wishes of the said creditors as to carrying on the works of the Company with a view to effecting a sale thereof as a going concern, and for the appointment of a liquidator.

The mode of preliminary proof of any creditor's claim for the purpose of the meeting, shall be by filing an affidavit as to the same with the undersigned at 44 Government street, before 12 o'clock noon, on Friday, the 19th April, 1895.

Dated the 10th day of April, 1895.

A. F. BARHAM,
Provisional Liquidator.

Note.—All debts due to the said Company are to be paid to the Provisional Liquidator, at his office, 44 Government street, Victoria, B.C. ap12-5t

NOTICE TO PATIENTS.

I, the undersigned, having been appointed a delegate to attend a Temperance Convention to be held in Boston, will leave about the 20th of April, and be absent from the city for a few weeks.

LEWIS HALL, D.D.S.
ap7tf

New Advertisements Continued on Page Eight

THE NEWS FROM LONDON.

Pauncefote Shows Justice of Canadian Sealing Claims—Military Operations in India.

Press Comments on the Nicaraguan Situation—Manchester Ship Canal Accident.

LONDON, April 11.—The Earl of Kimberly will lay before the House of Commons an elaborate reply to Senator Morgan's speech in the United States senate on the Behring sea question. The reply was prepared by Sir Julian Pauncefote, and is an analysis of Morgan's statements, showing them, it is stated, to be erroneous in facts in many particulars, and unjust in their conclusions. The subject is handled in the form of a report from Sir Julian as to the status of the negotiations for paying the claims of the masters of Canadian sealers seized in Behring sea. It shows that Morgan erred in stating that fictitious values had been put on some vessels and cargoes seized. It also appears, it is stated, that Morgan's statement that interest was added is erroneous, as no interest was added. The total amount is declared to be merely about half the just and reasonable allowance, and to have been agreed to as a compromise, against the wishes of the Canadian masters, although they finally agreed to a reduction of their claims.

The Central News is informed by its Varna correspondent that in obedience to the Sultan's orders the grand vizier and minister of justice, the interior and foreign affairs conferred recently concerning a plan of reform for Armenia. They sat five hours. The result of the conference is not known.

In an editorial the Standard (Conservative) claims that if the Conservatives in the next general elections obtain control of the government they will be justified in electing a new speaker of the House of Commons. The paper declared it has nothing to say against Mr. Gully, but adds that he has been forced upon the house by the pressure of an extreme faction and occupies the chair without the real sympathy or the assent of the majority who elected him.

It is reported from Apia, Samoa, that the rebels are still making preparations for war. They are building boats, filling cartridges, etc., but the daily expected renewal of the conflict has not yet occurred. There is no doubt about the fact that they have decided to pay the poll tax only to their own elected chiefs and that any effort to coerce them will be in effect the spark of ignition. No one here believes it possible to tide over the present strained relations between the parties, and the only wonder is that the hurricane season has been permitted to pass over without a raid by the rebels on the seat of government. Even private persons among the foreign residents cannot employ government natives as boatmen in their trips up and down the coast for fear of their being slaughtered.

Chief Justice Ide, of Samoa, has dismissed the action brought by German Consul Biermann against Suisal, governor of Matautu, for entering the premises of a German resident and making a search for arms. His Honor found that the accused had committed a technical breach of the law, but that he was justified by the circumstances.

Advices from Jaluit state that Mataafa and other Samoan exiles are in good health and are well treated by the Germans. The only food planted this past wet season has been in the rebel districts.

The Daily News will say to-morrow in a leader on the circular sent out by the Canadian copyright society: "If this association represents accurately the views of the Canadian people on the general subject of copyright, the chances of a satisfactory settlement do not at present seem very great. The manifesto is not conciliatory Nevertheless we believe that conciliation, common sense and respect for literary property may be trusted to find a settlement eventually."

It is reported that Lord Medway will be appointed to the governorship of New South Wales, which was left vacant by the death of Sir Robert Duff.

A Calcutta dispatch says that a Bengal sapper who was taken prisoner at the same time with Lieut. Fowler, but escaped, reports that Mr Robertson, the British agent who is shut up in the Chitral fort, made a sortie recently, but was defeated after a sharp engagement, in which Lieut. Gordon and several sappers were killed.

The captain of the steamship Merrimac, which arrived here from New Orleans to-day, reports that on the 4th inst. he put his chief officer and ten men aboard the British ship Arno, which had been abandoned at sea. They will take the vessel to Liverpool. He says the Arno's crew were taken off in a storm by the German steamship Mormannia.

The Times correspondent in Hongkong says that Chinese robbers are plundering in Formosa, and several foreigners have gone ashore at Tai Wat to help the Chinese officers punish them.

The Central News correspondent in Shanghai says that during practice firing in the Woo Sung forts to-day a magazine accidentally exploded. Forty men were killed and many more were injured.

The steamship Harold entered the Latchford dock of the Manchester ship canal today at full speed, smashed the gates, passed through and dropped sixteen feet into low water. The gates weigh 300 tons. One sank and the other hangs across the lock. The attendants closed and bound with hawsers the upper gates, thus preventing the disaster which would have resulted from the sixteen foot difference of the water levels. The Harold was much damaged.

A dispatch from Simla dated noon to-day says that Col. Kelly and a force of British troops which have been attempting to reach Chitral from Gilgit since March 25 have succeeded in crossing the Spandard pass, and were about 60 miles from Chitral on April 7. The pass is 12,000 feet high and is impassable to beasts of burden, consequently the pioneers had to carry the field and mounted guns during the last seven miles of the route through deep snow and with the weather intensely cold. The troops suffered in many cases from frost bites. When these advices were forwarded to Simla the enemy was in position twenty miles from the force commanded by Col. Kelly and an engagement was expected.

The Times says: Nicaragua will find it less troublesome and cheaper to settle with us forthwith. Her efforts to excite the jealousy of America have failed. The justice and good sense of Americans have proved too strong. Americans need only to hear our case and demands to acknowledge that our conduct was reasonable and just, and to admit that our claims were of such character that they would themselves have made under similar circumstances. We have assured the Americans that we are not seeking fresh territory. Our object is to obtain adequate apology for injury done, and payment of compensation which we believe to be our due."

The Globe: "With the other Central American republics given to twisting the lion's tail, Nicaragua hoped Washington would flare up in behalf of the Monroe doctrine, but President Cleveland, upon inquiring into the matter, discovered that the quarrel did not concern America. It would be intolerable were the Monroe doctrine so wrenched as to cover such international outrages as that of which Nicaragua has been guilty. There is far less disposition than formerly in America to take advantage of every opportunity to hurl defiance at England. Sensible Americans recognize that the Monroe doctrine, though founded on excellent principles, requires to be enforced with prudence and discretion."

NO ISSUE TO-MORROW.

To-day being Good Friday the holiday will as usual be observed by the staff of the COLONIST, and consequently there will be no issue of the paper to-morrow.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

Political and Personal.

BROCKVILLE, April 11.—Thos. Tompkins, of this town, has entered an action for libel against the Times newspaper. On Wednesday last the Recorder published an interview with Mr. Tompkins, who has just returned from a trip to Australia. The interview contained a number of charges against the Dominion government. To these the Times replied, and in its article gave certain statements upon which Mr. Tompkins bases his charge of libel.

Grand Trunk Shops Closed.

LONDON, April 11.—An order from headquarters has been received here permanently closing the G.T.R. shops, to take effect at the beginning of next month. About 150 men, mostly married, will be affected.

Fire Record.

PORT ARTHUR, April 11.—Fire yesterday destroyed Smith's furniture store, Needon's grocery, Thompson's barber shop and Cook's building.

Lumber Mill Burned.

ST. JOHN, N. B., April 11.—Cushing's lumber mill, at Union Point, three miles from this city, was destroyed by fire to-day, throwing 225 workmen out of employment. Loss $60,000.

A POLITICAL LIBEL.

The Minister of Agriculture Vindicated—Comments on the Gravity of the Case.

QUEBEC, April 11.—(Special)—Judge Andrews rendered judgment to-day in the action for libel of Hon. A. R. Angers against Ernest Pacaud, proprietor of l'Electeur, condemning defendant to pay $5,000 damages and costs of suit. The libel was published in 1893, and charged that Hon. A. R. Angers having used his position as Lieut.-Governor to oust the Mercier regime and bring about the preferment of his political friends, especially Hon. Mr. Pelletier and Senator Landry in regard to the Beauport asylum contract renewal, received out of this deal $25,000 with which he bought his Ottawa residence. Pacand was private secretary to Mercier, and a leader of Quebec Liberals. To-day, after a lengthy review of the case, Judge Andrews dwelt upon the gravity of the libel and the difficulty of overtaking such a story with the apology that was afterwards given publicity in the same paper. It had not been proved, as urged, that the libel was penned by a political friend who took the responsibility therefor, but in any case the proprietor of the paper must be held responsible. He therefore condemned Pacaud to pay $5,000 and costs of the suit.

BRIGHTER TRADE PROSPECTS.

An End to Tariff and Currency Tinkering Believed to Have Arrived.

NEW YORK, April 6.—Henry Clews & Co.'s report for the past week says: "Employers are encouraged by the brighter prospects for a gradual and almost sure return of prosperity. They have, in consequence, in numerous instances, commenced to voluntarily advance wages, which in itself is substantial evidence of their confidence in the permanency of the improvement.

"Alarger construction of railway mileage will probably be made in the coming year than for several recent years past. This cannot fail to give considerable increase of employment to labor, as well as an impetus to the profitable production of iron and steel.

"Business recovery is very perceptible in all directions, and the return of confidence and courage is certainly most encouraging. This change for the better is largely due to the belief that we have witnessed in this country the last of tariff and currency tinkering, as well as other detrimental national legislation for years to come."

Dr. Plouf Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 11.—Dr. John E. Plouf, who was shot by James D. L. McGaughey on the street in this city on March 30, died at 7 o'clock last evening in a private hospital. McGaughey was to-day formally charged with murder. His examination was deferred until the coroner's jury makes a return.

The "Walla Walla."

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.—The Pacific Coast steamship Walla Walla, from Puget Sound and Victoria, arrived about midnight, all well.

Call and see Hibben & Co.'s stock of Easter cards.

Drink Victoria-Phœnix Lager Beer.

Gardening tools at Cheapside.

CAPITAL NOTES.

A New Zealand Minister to Visit Ottawa—Advanced Preparations for the Session.

Colonial Representation on the Judicial Committee—Rifle League Programme Announced.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, April 11.—A cable message was received from the High Commissioner today stating the possibility that Mr. Ward, postmaster-general of New Zealand, will return home by the Canadian route. In that event he will visit Ottawa and discuss with Sir Mackenzie Bowell the possibility of a preferential trade arrangement between the two colonies.

The executive of the Canadian Military Rifle League have decided that there shall be four matches this year, the same as in 1894. It will be optional to use either Snider or Martini. The Militia department will supply free ammunition as usual.

Preparations for the coming session are being pushed apace in the departments. It is expected that the main estimates will pass council on Saturday, and that when brought down they will show a large reduction from those of previous years. Considerable stir was made in the departments this afternoon by the irresponsible newspaper statement that there would be no statutory increases to officers, and that an all round reduction of from five to ten per cent. in salaries would be made. Hon. Mr. Foster states, however, that no such proposition has been made.

The report of the Indian department places the total Indian population of Canada at about 100,500.

The Newfoundland delegates hope to catch the steamer from Halifax on Monday for home.

The Imperial proposal to appoint colonial representatives on the judicial committee occasions no surprise here, though curiosity exists respecting the details. Three years ago the British government made an offer of colonial representation, providing the colony nominating a judge paid his salary and expenses. The Dominion government would not entertain such a proposal. If the salary had to be voted annually it might lead to criticism in parliament and probably party strife, and the conduct of the judge might be unjustly criticised and his motives impunged, with the result that his influence would be weakened. It was felt that whoever went from Canada to the judicial committee, whether Sir John Thompson or Mr. Blake, he should be removed altogether from the domain of party politics. Consequently the Imperial proposal was rejected.

THE TORONTO BUDGET.

Railway Subsidy Submitted—Woollen Company's Failure—Teller Millichamp's Suicide.

TORONTO, April 11.—(Special)—The coroner's jury investigating the death of C. Spencer Millichamp, the teller in the Toronto bank, who shot himself on Saturday, returned a verdict last night to the effect that the deceased came to his death by a revolver shot fired by himself while laboring under mental distress.

Isaac Shaffer was arrested yesterday on a charge of setting fire to the premises on Front street, occupied by the prisoner's son and his partner, Rittenber, the firm carrying $5,000 insurance on $1,200 stock. The prisoner was bookkeeper in the firm.

The railway aid resolutions brought down in the legislature include a grant to the Ontario & Rainy River railway, for a distance not to exceed forty-five miles, of $3,000 a mile.

The Weston Woollen Manufacturing Co., Weston, Ont., have assigned, liabilities about $240,000.

THE SCHOOL ISSUE.

A Liberal Candidate Who Leads Mr. Laurier and Asks for Dominion Interference.

TORONTO, April 11.—(Special)—At the nominations yesterday all the candidates made reference to the Manitoba school question. In Haldimand, Hon. Dr. Montague, while defending the course of the government, answered the allegation that it was prompted by a desire to catch the Catholic vote. He said: "I want you to understand that I am not here coaxing for Catholic votes. I am not here appealing to Roman Catholics. I have not done anything that should specially bring their gratitude to me here."

In Vercheres, Mr Geoffrion, the Liberal candidate, said: "If the government honestly comes forward with a law honestly framed I will vote for it, perhaps with less reluctance than some of the gentlemen on the other side; but I will not pledge myself blindly. I will not be satisfied with a step."

In Antigonish Mr. McIsaac, the Liberal candidate, declared that the school question was no issue of the campaign there, but the Conservative candidate maintained that it was.

The Price of Beef.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Manager Favorite, of the Armour Packing Co., said to-day in regard to the report from Washington that Secretary Morton intended to investigate the cause of the sudden advance in the price of beef: "The statement that the rise in prices is the result of a combine among the meat men or the formation of a trust is simply rot. There are too many people in the business to permit of such a scheme being consummated. Beef will stay up all this year. A short corn crop has caused a shrinkage in the cattle industry. It takes time to build up cattle herds, and we must expect higher prices."

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

TACKLE—Fine fishing tackle just opened at Fox's, 78 Gov't St. Rods, reels, lines, flies, etc., in great variety.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

French Capitalists Looking After Quesnelle Mines—The Hawaiian Exiles' Claims Supported.

Nickel Said to Show in Pilot Bay Tailings—Slate Creek Mining Prospects.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, April 11.—Chief Justice Davie, on his way back from the East, was a passenger to Victoria by the Charmer.

It is said on excellent authority that a party of French capitalists have gone to Quesnelle river to look at mining claims owned by the Seattle company. If the mines are as represented a transfer will take place.

Johnston, the British subject deported from Hawaii, is said to have received encouragement from the British government that a thorough investigation of his case will take place. Muller, the German deported at the same time, has been promised that his case will be looked into by the German government.

The temperance associations are formally thanking the school trustees for encouraging temperance by having the harmful effects of liquor drinking systematically taught in the schools.

A vote of the parents of the school children will be taken by the principals, as to whether the noon interval should be one hour or one hour and a half.

Though a freight train was wrecked last night between Sumas and Whatcom, the C.P.R. Whatcom express was but an hour late; the mails and baggage being transferred to extra cars and brought to their destination.

The Vancouver cricket club fancy dress ball to be held at the opera house on the 18th instant, promises to be a great success, judging from the number of tickets being sold at this early stage. A false floor will be put in the opera house, and the scene from the gallery will be particularly brilliant for spectators.

South Vancouver is to have a tax sale. All taxes in arrears for over two years will be collected by the sale of the lands; those in arrears for a less period will be collected through the small debts court.

J. P. Nightingale, of Welsh & Nightingale, has returned from a five months' trip to Honolulu.

The probationers' examinations are being held in the Homer Street Methodist church. Ten candidates from Victoria, Vancouver and Westminster presented themselves. The examinations will continue until to-morrow at noon.

Vancouver's cold storage works have now been running for some time experimentally; yesterday, however, ice was manufactured for business purposes and to-day a large lot of Australian fruit was stored in the refrigerators. The plant is a most complete one, the machinery working perfectly under Mr. Jas. Bye's direction.

Mrs. T. A. Large, whose husband was brutally murdered by burglars in Japan three years ago, is in Vancouver. Mrs. Large has retired from her missionary labors and is on her way home.

The body of John Jess, who was killed in the Union mine, Comox, and whose remains were detained at the wharf here for want of a certificate as to the cause of death, have been interred by the relatives, the proper certificate having arrived.

Mrs. Painton, Mrs. Darling and Mrs. Buntzen, prominent in Vancouver society circles, left for Europe to-day. Mrs. Painton visits Wales; Mrs. Darling goes to visit relatives in Scotland, and Mrs. Buntzen returns to her native town in Denmark.

New Westminster and Vancouver Knights of Pythias fraternized in the Vancouver lodge rooms last night.

The B.C.B.G.A. band will give open air concerts during the summer.

Mr. James McDonald, of the well-known firm of Russell & McDonald, left for California to-day. Before his departure for his new home he was banqueted and presented with a suitable souvenir.

Mining reports from about Yale are encouraging. Yale Bar, across from Yale, is being worked by a company with plenty of capital. Active preparations are being made to work the Siwash creek mines. At the mouth of the canyon white men are rocking out from $3 to $10 per day.

Dr. Conklin, who has arrived to take the post of surgeon on the Warrimoo, is a nephew of Mr. Jas. Scott, manager of the dry goods department of the Hudson's Bay Co.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, April 11.—On the death of G. A. Watson recently his father and brother took possession of his house and all his personal effects and the effects of his wife. Yesterday Justice McCreight granted an injunction restraining Mrs. Watson's father and brother in-law from interfering with her husband's estate.

Three carloads of cattle went forward to Victoria this morning by steamer.

W. C. Jones, on whose farm a human skull was found, says that flesh was sticking to the skull and the man could not have been dead over three months. Jones' theory is that it is the skull of a Swiss boy named Roy, who worked for him. Roy had money and one day went to the shack of a man in the vicinity named Dewman, who bore a hard character.

NELSON.

(From the Nelson Tribune, April 6.)

The protective works along the banks of Kaslo river are still being prosecuted with considerable vigor.

J. A. Mara, president of the C. & K. S. N. Co., and G. Alexander, manager of the Kootenay reclamation company, are in Nelson. Mr. Alexander owns the steamer Idaho, now lying at the government wharf at Nelson. Mr Mara's company needs it, and it is said a deal is on for it. The hull of the Spokane has been towed down from Kaslo and is now lying at the place where the steamer Nelson was built, about a mile down the outlet from Nelson.

There is going to be no little rivalry between the horticulturists and floriculturists of Nelson this summer. Harold Selous and George A. Bigelow and John Ayton Gibson and W. N. Kolfe all have ground in cultivation.

E. W. Herrick, of Minneapolis, president of the company that owns the Blue Bell mine and Pilot Bay smelter, is taking a look at his company's belongings. Mr. Herrick first visited Kootenay in July, 1884, and has staid with it ever since. He and his associates have spent several hundred thousand dollars in opening up and developing the country, and are willing to put in a few dollars more before they quit it.

It is said that an assay of the tailings from the concentrator at Pilot Bay shows that the iron contains from 4 to 5 per cent. nickel. It is also said that the company is figuring on the erection of a 500-ton concentrator at the Blue Bell mine and adding a copper stack to the plant at Pilot Bay. This looks as if the Kootenay Mining & Smelting Company was going to disappoint the croakers who predicted that a smelter could not be made pay in Kootenay.

The boys at the Pilot Bay smelter are getting so they can handle themselves as if they were raised around a smelter. The night gang easily run through fifty tons of ore on their shift, and at midnight on Thursday one million pounds of bullion had been turned out.

Robert Irving, of Victoria, the new resident agent of the Kaslo Land Company and the Kaslo & Slocan Railway Company, who replaces William Baillie, has taken an office in the old post office building, and has many interviewers.

ROSSLAND.

(From the Rossland Miner April 6.)

Ore of a similar character to that of the Trail Creek mines is known to exist on the headwaters of Champion creek, which falls into the Columbia river about five miles above Trail landing and on the opposite side of the river. This ore was first discovered in 1891. The district is certain to be prospected this summer, and it is more than likely that the ledges will be re-located and the development work undertaken and abandoned will be started again.

Quite an excitement has been raised about the Slate Creek mining camp, in which Colonel Hart, representing the Bimetallic Mining Company, has bonded a number of claims and to which he is pushing a road through the snow. The Slate Creek camp is situated in Washington, near the international boundary line and on the summit of the Cascade range. The veins, from all accounts, are small, but rich in free gold on the surface.

T. O'Farrel owns a remarkable fragment of a mineral claim on Red Mountain. It is called the Thekla, and is bounded by the survey lines of the War Eagle, Number One and Jessie. It comprises about half an acre.

The Great Western Mining Co. was incorporated in Spokane on March 30 under the laws of the State of Washington with a capital stock of one million dollars. The directors for the first six months are: John M. Burke, of Cœur d'Alene City, Idaho; Charles S. Warren, of Butte, Montana; Chase Barr, of Rochester, Illinois; and D. M. Drumheller, Jarvis B. Jones, H. M. Stephens and Louis E. Bertonneau, of Spokane. This company is formed to take over and develop the Great Western and Golden Chariot mineral claims, originally owned by Gus Jackson and recently bonded by J. M. Burke, interested along with whom were C. S. Warren, of Butte, and J. B. Jones, of Spokane.

MAYNE ISLAND TREASURE.

An Old California Miner Gives Corroborative Evidence and Offers a Suggestion.

GALIANO ISLAND, April 10.—(Special.)—The following is a copy of a letter which Mr. H. Clapham has just received from California:

"PENRYN, Cal., March 29, 1895.

"DEAR SIR:—Having seen a piece in the Examiner in regard to money buried by Peter Nicholson on Mayne island, perhaps this may put you on the hidden treasure. I used to know a man here in early days, in '60 and '65, by the name given, and he used to bury his gold right under the fireplace of his cabin, and when he went to Idaho in '65 he left $8,000 in gold dust buried in the fireplace of his cabin, and he used to have the cabin sealed up tight, every crack. I think this is the same man, and if you have not looked in that place in the cabin perhaps you will find the gold. When he went to Idaho from here he left the $8,000 in his cabin, but we did not know anything of it. He was gone five years, and during that time we had moved in his cabin, and when he came back he got a shovel and took out the hidden gold from the fireplace, and with what he made while away he had $16,000, and packed it all on his back in a belt and started for Australia from here. That was the last I saw of him. If you should find the money by these instructions please send me $200 or $300 and oblige

"W. S. GILMORE."

Curious to relate, the information in this letter coincides with what the old miser told Clapham, that he had buried money in a cabin and left it to work as a rocker in another mine at the time when he was made treasurer for the gold dust belonging to the miners. He had accumulated a snug sum and then left for Australia with the whole boodle. Needless to say, the fireplace in the little cabin on Mayne Island, which has remained intact, will be thoroughly overhauled even for curiosity sake and to satisfy existing doubts as to the hidden treasure.

Cuban Republic's Debut.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—To-morrow will probably bring the information that the revolutionary party has formally declared the independence of Cuba from Spain, has announced the officers of the new government and given to the world the constitution of a new republic. Serious complications between Spain and the United States government are therefore imminent. One of the first steps of the Cuban republic will doubtless be to ask for recognition from the nations of the earth, and the first nation which this appeal will be made to will doubtless be the United States.

It is difficult to over-estimate the value of the assistance which our colonies receive from the authorities at Kew Gardens. "In fact," says Mr. R. G. Hamilton in his report on the Island of Dominica, "but for their action in directing attention to the benefits to be derived from the establishment of botanical stations, I doubt whether any of those stations would be in existence at all. Kew, moreover, not only lends her powerful aid in inducing colonial governments to introduce such stations, but she also finds curators for them, supplies them with plants, and is always ready to give counsel and advice, from experience collected from all parts of the world, as to the descriptions and methods of cultivation most suitable for the different colonies, and the most approved ways of preparing the various products and putting them into their most marketable shape. The colonies themselves are fully alive to the value of the services that Kew renders to them in the development of their resources, but I doubt whether the important part that she plays in such matters is fully known, or is appreciated as it ought to be."

Catarrh Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes.—One short puff of the breath through the blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this Powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sorethroat, Tonsilitis and deafness. 60 cents. At Langley & Co.'s

Drink Victoria-Phœnix Lager Beer.

Insure your plate glass. Mellor. *

SPECIAL.

LEANDER HALL, MEDIUM

NO. 90 DOUGLAS STREET.

Truthful in his predictions; reliable in his advice. If you are unhappy, or in trouble, consult him, and success and happiness will surely follow; he makes a success when others fail. The future plainly revealed. Lovers reunited and troubles healed; also develop those who are mediumistic. A medium by the gift of God. Parlors—7 and 8 Doane Block, No 90 Douglas street. mr21-m

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—Lady bookkeeper, must be quick and accurate. Address, with reference, S., Colonist office. ap11-3t

WANTED—To purchase a set of bowling pins and balls. Apply giving full particulars. Bowls, this office. ap11-3t

WANTED—A girl between 10 and 12 years of age, one that would appreciate a good home and would be willing to learn to be a good housekeeper, and a companion to a lady and gentleman. One from the country preferred. Apply in person to 199 Fort street, Victoria, B.C. ap10-6t

WANTED TO RENT—By a good tenant, modern house containing eight rooms and bathroom; must be conveniently situated, within 15 minutes walk of post office. Address Alpha, Colonist office. ap9 6t

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—Large and convenient house, eleven rooms; bath room cellar, hot and cold water, electric light; three minutes walk from Post Office. $25. Apply 24 Rae street. ap7-3t

TO LET—Neatly furnished front rooms, with use of kitchen if required. Apply at 139 Michigan street. ap10-1t

HOUSE TO RENT—Nine roomed house on brick foundation, with spacious basement cellar; lot 55x124, on Upper Pandora st., house is nearly new. Apply to Pemberton & Son, Fort street. mr26

ROOMS AND BOARD for one or two gentlemen, within five minutes' walk from post office. Address C., Colonist office. mr5

TO LET—A nice cottage, 5 rooms and bath, $8 per month; also 3 cottages 4 rooms, $5 50; including water. Apply Alex. Snork, corner Fernwood Road and Chatham street. mr20 1m

TO LET—For single gentleman, two sunny rooms, sitting and bedroom, or bedroom and dressing room. Upper Fort street, on car line. Address R., this office mr19-1m

TO LET—For the sum or season or longer, the Maple Bay House, Maple Bay, with about 2 acres fruit bearing orchard, and 160 acres sheep run, if wanted. This is the finest and prettiest place on the Island for anyone seeking health or pleasure, nice beach, fine fishing, good shooting, etc. Apply at the Alderlea, Duncans, Wm. Beaumont. mr10tf

TO RENT—Seven-roomed modern house, all conveniences; one room rented to a doctor, which reduces rent; five minutes from post office. Apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government St. fe28-1mo

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished large front room, with bow window, on lower floor. Apply 66 Rae street. ja30-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Setting hens, also few good layers, 76 Henry street, Rock Bay. ap11-2t

FOR SALE—Sixty acres good land, all cleared; about 18 miles below Lillooet. Apply Tai Soong & Co., 40 Cormorant street. ap11-1m

FOR SALE—Brown Leghorn eggs, for setting; $1 per setting. Apply at Willows. ap10-4t

FOR SALE—Fine milch cow, Durham grade; fine saddle and driving horse. James W. Meldram, Douglas street. ap9-6t

TO BE SOLD within one month, 70 acres good farming land, 50 fenced and under crop, ¼ mile frontage on Sooke river, with dwelling, outbuildings, furniture, tools, boat, fishing nets, 2 cows. For particulars address J. B. Johnson, 30 Humboldt street, or to J. Goodman, on the premises. mr19-1m

RANCHING NEAR VICTORIA, $16 per acre will buy 700 acre farm, beautiful, desirable sea front, with excellent fishing and shooting; or will take partner with, say $1,500, to invest in stock raising. Apply Rancher, Box 773, Victoria, B. C. mr24-2m

FOR SALE—A mare, road cart and harness; mare perfectly quiet, and goes under saddle; price $150. Further particulars apply A.B.G., this office. mr19-1m

FOR SALE—The Alderlea Hotel and outbuildings, also six lots, 60x120. The Alderlea is an old and well established hotel, and with the outbuildings, barns, etc., covers about 2 lots; the vacant lots are directly opposite the station at Duncan's, and the best site in Duncan's for a large store, or store and hotel, as they would catch nearly all railroad and passenger traffic. The owner has worked hard since 1862 and wants to retire. For terms etc., apply on the premises, to owner and proprietor, Wm. Beaumont. fe24

I have to thank the London and Canadian Fire Insurance for settlement of my loss which occurred this a.m. Samuel Banner No. 8 Labouchere street. ap10-4t

SHORTHAND.

Pitman's system, taught in twenty-five lessons for $25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Address 3 Centre Road, Spring Ridge. an14

Seamanship Past and Present.

In the past seamanship was the chief thing. In the present seamanship, in the old and strict sense of the world, holds a very subsidiary place. When the winds and the waves and the tides could not be forced and had to be humored, the mystery of dealing with these elements was a worthy study for a whole life. But today we force the winds, the waves and the tides, and humor them very little. The seaman is in process of becoming the engineer. Every year he becomes more and more the engineer, and I am certain that a much briefer experience of the sea than was formerly needed is now required toward the formation of the good officer. —National Review.

Louis Philippe and Soult.

Louis Philippe knew that Marshal Soult clung to power, and that his fall would be bitter to him. But when the time came the future ministers, with Thiers at their head, were assembled at the Tuileries, while in the next room Louis Philippe broke the news to Soult. The interview took a long time, and the new ministers were not without some apprehension. Finally the door was opened just enough to allow the king's queer pear shaped head to pass, and he whispered: "A little patience, gentlemen. Just a little patience—we are weeping together."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Easter cards, Easter cards, Easter cards. Hibben & Co. ×

Heavy Cretonnes, Reversible Cretonnes, Art Serges, Oatmeal cloth, etc., at Weiler Bros. ×

Easter booklets at Hibben & Co.'s. *

ADVERTISING AGENCY

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. je8

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Trounce avenue. Established 1862. fe1

BAKERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes, VICTORIA, B. C. fe1

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

MRS. MARSHALL

has removed to No. 132 Vancouver street where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. dec1-tf

FRENCH DRESSMAKING—Perfect fit, first class furnishings, 18 Blanchard street. mr24

ENGINEERS.

KEEFER & SMITH,

CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS.

Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters Block, Government street, Victoria, B.C.

G. A. KEEFER, M.I.C.E. H. B. SMITH, M.I.C.E.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. fe1

MUSICAL.

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

MR. A. F. OWEN,

Pianoforte Tuner, from J. & J. Hopkinson's, the well-known manufacturer of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm; 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria. Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Waitt's Music Store. fe5

MADAME LAIRD,

TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

For terms apply at residence, 161 Vancouver street, corner Pandora. se30

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel, 40 Fort street. me17

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munroe, 89 Government street; Speed Bros., cor. Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

The Match that always lights costs no more than the match that doesn't always light.

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES ALWAYS LIGHT.

FOR SALE.

1 Lot Victoria West, clear, good soil, $225
1 Lot, Oak Bay Avenue.....$300
1 Lot, good soil, clear.....$200

You cannot afford to pay rent.

Two Houses on the instalment plan.

Good houses and well located; good garden.

1 Seaside Location at Oak Bay.....$350

These are the best offerings in the market.

APPLY W. D. McGREGOR,

OR J. E. CRANE & CO.

mr3-1m 30 Broad Street.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between S. D. Schultz and G. A. Morphy, as barristers and solicitors, under the firm name of Schultz & Morphy, at 49 Langley street, Victoria, B. C., has been dissolved this fifth day of April, 1895. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to S. D. Schultz, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said S. D. Schultz, by whom the same will be settled.

ap6-6t S. D. SCHULTZ.

NOTICE—DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership hitherto existing between the undersigned, as Fish Canners and Traders, under the firm name of the "Namu Canning and Trading Company," has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Robert Draney will continue the business and receive all moneys due to, and pay all debts due by the late partnership.

Dated, Victoria, 4th April, 1895.

THOS. SHOTBOLT,
ROBT. DRANEY.

Witness—W. H. JESSE. ap6-1m

NOTICE.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Quesnelle Quartz Mining Company, Limited, will be held at the Company's office, Quesnelle, B.C., on THURSDAY, THE 25th DAY OF APRIL, 1895, at 2 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of dealing with a proposition received from an English Syndicate, particulars of which will then be placed before the meeting.

By order,

W. A. JOHNSTON,
Secretary.

mr21-1m-d&w

NOTICES.

No. 243.

A BY-LAW

Authorizing the Expenditure of a sum of $10,000, Borrowed under the Authority of the "Crematory By-Law," No. 127, for Lighting Purposes.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 41 of The Municipal Act Amendment Act, 1894, the Corporation of the City of Victoria is empowered, when it shall have a sum of money on hand which has been borrowed for a special purpose by the authority of a loan by-law, and when the Council deems it undesirable to expend for such purpose the money borrowed, to place before the ratepayers a by-law providing for the expending of such sum of money for some other purpose;

AND WHEREAS the said Corporation of the City of Victoria has a sum of ten thousand dollars on hand which has been borrowed for the purpose of establishing a crematory by the authority of a loan by-law known as the "Crematory By-Law," No. 127;

AND WHEREAS the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria deems it undesirable to expend the said sum of $10,000 for the purpose of establishing a crematory as aforesaid, but deems it expedient that the said sum of $10,000 should be expended for and towards the cost of constructing works for supplying the inhabitants of the Municipality of the City of Victoria with Electric Light;

THEREFORE the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to expend in and towards the cost of constructing works for supplying the inhabitants of the Municipality of the City of Victoria with Electric Light the sum of $10,000 which the said Corporation now has on hand, and which has been borrowed under and by the authority of "The Crematory By-Law," No. 127, for the purpose of establishing a crematory, the said Council deeming undesirable that the said sum of $10,000 should be expended for the purpose of a crematory.

2. This By-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the 28th day of March, 1895.

3. This By-law may be cited as the "Electric Lighting By-law, 1895."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of February, 1895.

Received the assent of the electors the 19th day of March, 1895.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 21st day of March, 1895.

[L.S.] JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 21st day of March, A.D. 1895, and all persons are required to take notice that any one desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
mr27 C. M. C.

40-ACRE FARM FOR SALE

Situated half way between Chemainus and Maple Bay, and within 3 miles of Hall's Crossing, on the E. & N. Railway and ten miles from Duncan's. Five acres are under cultivation, and the balance has been slashed and burned, and with a slight expense can all be made ready for crop. The property is well situated, having a half mile frontage on the water. There is excellent water on the property for all purposes. There is a small house and barn on the land. For anyone requiring a small farm or a charming country seat, the above will be found well suited to their desire. The property, including various implements, will be sold for $2,000. Terms will be made to suit the purchaser.

For further particulars apply to "Rancher," care of The Colonist. no22-tf

REPAIRS

ALTERATIONS.
Store and Office Fittings.
Carpenter Work of all descriptions.
Weather Strips.

J. P. BURGESS,
Carpenter, 10 Broughton St.

IMPORTANT SALE

Electric Tramway.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of a certain indenture, dated 25th October, 1892, made between the Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company and the Montreal Safe Deposit Company as Trustees, that the Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company, Limited, and all the property of the said Tramway Company comprised in the said indenture, will be sold by Public Auction at T. J. Trapp's Auction Rooms, 713 Columbia street, in the City of New Westminster, British Columbia, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, on Saturday, the 13th day of April, 1895.

The Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company's lines of tramway extend through out the City of New Westminster, in the Province of British Columbia, and between that city and the City of Vancouver.

Conditions of sale and full particulars as to the property may be obtained at the office of the Montreal Safe Deposit Company, or from Messrs. Corbould & McColl, Solicitors, New Westminster, B.C.

GORDON E. CORBOULD,
Solicitor for the Montreal Safe Deposit Company.

Dated New Westminster, B.C., 24th December, 1894. ja4

NOTICES.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

March, 1895.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on and after 1st April next, all persons sending advertisements for publication in "The British Columbia Gazette" are required to observe the following rules:

1st. Address "The British Columbia Gazette," or "The Queen's Printer," Victoria, B.C.

2nd. Indicate the number of insertions.

3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, according to the following scale of charges, otherwise they will not be inserted, viz.:

For 100 words and under	$ 5 00
Over 100 words and not exceeding 150 words	6 50
Over 150 words and not exceeding 200 words	8 00
Over 200 words and not exceeding 250 words	
Over 250 words and not exceeding 300 words	10
And for every additional 50 words,	75 cents.

Municipal by laws, requiring only one insertion, to be at one-half the above rates.

Advertisements in tabular form will be charged double the above rates.

The above scale of charges will cover the cost of four insertions. Over four insertions, 50 extra for each insertion.

Notice is also hereby further given that all persons in arrear for advertising in the Gazette are peremptorily required to pay the amount of their indebtedness on or before the 30th June, 1895.

All cheques or money orders to be made payable to Richard Wolfenden, Queen's Printer, Victoria, B.C.

All parties applying for official documents are required to remit payment for the same, in advance, according to the following scale:

Consolidated Acts, 1888	per vol.	$6 00
Unconsolidated Acts, 1883	"	4 00
Yearly Statutes (¼ sheep)	"	2 50
Sessional Papers	"	2 00
Journals of Legislative Assembly	"	1 50
Departmental Reports	"	50
Municipal Acts	each	50
Mineral or Placer Mining Acts	"	25
Land Acts	"	25
All other Acts	"	12½
Yearly subscription to Gazette		5 00
Single copies		12½

JAMES BAKER,
mr26-1m Provincial Secretary.

Victoria City, Victoria, Esquimalt and Coast Districts.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with the Statutes, that Provincial Revenue Tax and all Taxes levied under the Assessment Act are now due for the year 1895. All of the above-named taxes collectible within the Electoral Districts of Victoria City, Victoria, Esquimalt and Coast Districts, are payable at my office.

Assessed Taxes are collectible at the following rates, viz.:

If paid on or before June 30th, 1895—

One-half of one per cent. on real property.
Two per cent. on wild land.
One-third of one per cent. on personal property.
One-half of one per cent. on income.

If paid after June 30th, 1895—

Two-thirds of one per cent. on real property.
Two and one-half per cent. on wild land.
One-half of one per cent. on personal property.
Three-fourths of one per cent. on income.

Provincial Revenue Tax, $3.00 per capita (Victoria City excepted).

CORNELIUS BOOTH,
Assessor and Collector.
January, 2nd, 1895. mr26-1m

[L.S.] E. DEWDNEY.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To the Returning Officer of the Cowichan-Alberni Electoral District:

WHEREAS, a vacancy has happened in the Legislative Assembly, by the acceptance of office of the Honourable Theodore Davie, Q.C., a member for the Cowichan-Alberni Electoral District, we command you that, notice of the time and place of Election being duly given, you do cause Election to be made according to law, of one member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, for the Cowichan-Alberni Electoral District, and that you do cause the nomination of Candidates at such Election to be held on the ....day of....next, and do cause the name of such Member when so elected, whether he be present or absent, to be certified to Our Supreme Court, at the City of Victoria, on or before the 7th day of May, next, the election so made, distinctly and openly under Our Seal duly endorsed upon this Our Writ.

IN TESTIMONY whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent under the Great Seal of Our said Province of British Columbia. WITNESS: The Honourable Edgar Dewdney, at Our Government House, at Victoria, the nineteenth day of March, in the Year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

By command.

HARVEY COMBE,
mr22 Deputy Registrar, Supreme Court.

PAPER CUTTER KNIVES

and KNIVES OF PLANING MACHINES up to 60 inches in length can be ground on an AUTOMATIC KNIFE GRINDING MACHINE in the Engine Room of The Colonist Office.

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

A Groundless Report That Caused Intense Anxiety In Many Victoria Homes.

The "Quadra" Officially Locates a New Rock—Regarding the "Velos."

The whole city was in a state of great excitement yesterday morning over a rumor that the steamer Walla Walla, which left here on Monday for San Francisco, had foundered off the Columbia river bar. As far as can be ascertained the story started from Port Townsend and was brought over by the Rosalie. Then a telegram from Whatcom came, to the effect that the U. S. revenue cutter Grant had brought the rumor of the wreck from Port Townsend, a tug from Cape Flattery being credited with having reported the story. As the wires between Vancouver and Seattle were down, it was only by the roundabout way of Winnipeg and Chicago that a message could be sent to or received from San Francisco. However, a dispatch from the Bay City was received here in the forenoon that though the Walla Walla had not arrived she could hardly be expected before night if she had met head winds and a rough passage. In the meantime the friends and relatives of the sixty Victorians who were passengers on the Walla Walla were in terrible anxiety. The telegraph office was besieged by anxious ones asking for news, and from mouth to mouth the rumor spread till everyone in the city seemed to know of it. The wreck of the Pacific over twenty years ago was recalled, when so many Victorians were drowned. It was just such a rumor from the Sound that brought the first news of the shipwreck. Strangely enough Prof. Gleason, the horse tamer, who was a passenger on the Walla Walla, narrowly escaped from the Pacific disaster. He was then a member of the company of Rockwell, a horse trainer who was performing here, and by some accident was the only member of the combination who did not take passage by the ill-fated Pacific. It was with immense satisfaction that a brief telegram from San Francisco yesterday afternoon announced that no fears were felt for the safety of the vessel which was not yet due.

THE TROUBLESOME ROCK LOCATED.

The Dominion steamer Quadra arrived in port yesterday evening from Nanaimo where the harbor buoys have been receiving their annual overhauling. On the way here the Quadra stayed at Coal Island, Colbourne passage, and Captain Walbran located the reef on which the Joan grounded last week. The reef extends off the west side of Knapp Island for a distance of eighty yards from low water mark, and it was on the end of it the Joan grounded, as some of her copper was there picked up yesterday, in about two to three feet of water. The reef dries partly at low water. With the exception of this short spit extending from the Knapp Island shore, the passage between Knapp and Piers islands is a safe one, the least depth being 5½ fathoms.

THE LOSS OF THE "VELOS."

Collector of Customs A. R. Milne has been asked from Ottawa for further information concerning the loss of the Velos. He has been asked if Captain Anderson was certificated to run a steamer, also if the Velos and the barge Pilot were licensed to carry passengers. To these questions the collector immediately forwarded answers to the effect that the captain was duly qualified as master; that the Velos was licensed to carry a certain number of passengers; but that the Pilot had no such certificate. It is not known yet what course the department will take in the matter.

MARINE NOTES.

The C. P. N. steamers Danube and Maude leave port on Monday, the former for the North and the latter for the West coast. The Danube will take several thousand cases of tin, ex ship Aigburth, now discharging cargo at the outer wharf. A fine new steam winch is being placed on the Danube's deck

The steamer Umatilla arrived at Vancouver yesterday with a large quantity of freight.

Tug Lorne took the bark McNear, coal laden for San Francisco, to sea on Wednesday.

The schooner Falcon has arrived at Brunette mills to load lumber for San Francisco.

The N P R. steamer Sikh is due from the Orient to-morrow.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer.....from Vancouver.
" City of Kingston.... " Port Townsend.
" Rosalie..... " " "
" Danube ..... " Port Simpson.
" Princess Louise..... " N. Westminster.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer.....for Vancouver.
" City of Kingston.... " Port Townsend.
" Rosalie..... " " "
" Princess Louise..... " N. Westminster.

STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Stocks were dull to-day, but the tone of the market was strong. The transactions were light, amounting to only 128,826 shares.

	Closing bids
Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe	6⅛
Burlington & Quincy	71½
Canada Southern	5⅞
Canadian Pacific	40
Central Pacific	16⅞
Chicago, Cincinnati, Columbus & St. Louis	38½
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	159½
Erie	10
Wells Fargo Express	105
Great Northern (preferred)	106
Lake Shore	133¼
Louisville & Nashville	52
New York Central	97
New York & New England	38½
North American Company	5⅞
Northern Pacific	4½
Northern Pacific (preferred)	13
North Western	91½
Oregon Navigation	16
Oregon Improvement	8
Pacific Mail	27½
Reading	12½
Rock Island	63½
St. Paul	57½
Texas Pacific	9½
Union Pacific	11⅛
Western Union	87½
Bar silver, per ounce	66⅛c.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

One City's Debt.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Comptroller Welsh has prepared a statement for Mayor Swift which shows that the city's floating indebtedness, not taking into consideration its bonded indebtedness and what it owes an outstanding water company, is a little over $6,000,000.

GOOD FRIDAY SERVICES.

Arrangements for To Day in the Churches of the City.

To-day being Good Friday, the most solemn anniversary of the Christian church, special and appropriate services will be held in all the Episcopal and Roman Catholic churches. The arrangements for the day are below briefly referred to.

At Christ Church cathedral to-day the services will be as follows: Litany, 8 a.m.; children's service, 10 a.m; matins and ante-communion, 11 a.m; The Three Hours, 12 to 3 p.m.; evensong, 5 p m. At 8 o'clock in the evening Stainer's grand oratorio of "The Crucifixion" will be given with tenor solo by Mr. K. J Middleton and bass solo by Mr. Herbert Kent. Mr. Godfrey Booth will conduct the oratorio, and the congregation promises to be very large. To-morrow, Easter eve or Holy Saturday, there will be celebration of Holy Communion at 8 a.m, and the first evensong of Easter (choral) at 8 p.m.

The services for the day at St. Barnabas church, corner of Cook street and Caledonia avenue, are announced as below: Ante-communion, 8 a.m.; matins and litany, 11 a m; special services in commemoration of the Lord's agony, commencing at 12 noon and continuing until 3 p.m, when addresses on the seven words from the cross will be given by Rev. C. Easor Sharp, M.A. Those who cannot remain for the entire three hours may enter or leave the church during the singing. There will also be evensong at 7 30 with sermon by the priest in charge, Rev. J. B Haslam.

There will be the usual Good Friday services at St. James' church, conducted by Rev. Canon Paddon; and at St. John's church at 11 a.m., conducted by Rev. Percival Jenns.

At St. James the order of services is: 8 a.m., ante-Communion; 11 a.m., Matins and sermon; 7 p.m., Evensong and sermon.

At the Church of the Holy Saviour, Victoria West, the rector, Rev. W. D. Barber, will conduct special services at 11 a m. and 8 p.m; at St. Paul's, Esquimalt, there will be litany at 8 a.m., and matins, with sermon by Venerable Archdeacon Scriven, at 11 a.m.; at St. Luke's, Cedar Hill, Rev. J. W. Flinton, the pastor, will also conduct special services as already announced.

In St. Andrew's R C. cathedral there will be a special service at 9 a.m., and at 7 in the evening tenebræ and sermon by His Lordship Bishop Lemmens. To-morrow there will be the blessing of the paschal candle and baptismal water at 8 o'clock a.m.

At the Centennial Methodist church, Gorge road, Rev. Joseph Hall will conduct service and preach a special sermon at 11 a m. At the Salvation Army barracks, the Good Friday services will be conducted by Captain Patterson.

KILLED BY FIRE.

Henry Horne Suffocated While Trying to Escape From His Burning House.

His Dead Body, Charred Beyond Recognition, Found in the Ruins.

By a fire that started in the bedroom of his little three-roomed house on View street Henry Horne was yesterday morning burned to death.

As Constable Kavanagh was passing the corner of Blanchard and View streets yesterday morning at twenty minutes to five his attention was attracted by a dense column of smoke rising from 34 View street, a small one-story frame house, a little below the Roman Catholic cathedral. He immediately rushed over, and opening the front door, which was unlocked, stepped inside and shouted an alarm in case there should be any inmates. As the smoke was very thick he could not see across the room, and, hearing no answer to his shouts, he went to the nearest fire box and turned in an alarm. The firemen soon had a couple of streams playing on the fire and got it under control. Before the fire was out, Chief Deasy entered with a lantern and as he was passing from the front room to the middle one he stepped upon the dead body of a man. The body lay upon its face the clothing entirely burned off the back, only the boots on the feet and a few shreds of underclothing remaining on the charred and blackened corpse. Though burned beyond recognition it was evident that the unfortunate man was Henry Horne, a somewhat notorious character well known to the police, and bearing the reputation of being decidedly peculiar. He had lived here for many years and was known as a worthless sort of fellow, his wife having taken her children and gone to live with friends in another place as he had failed to provide for his family. Only a few weeks ago Horne, under the delusion that he possessed the authority of a policeman, arrested an Indian and took him to the police station and was for this offence arrested himself.

An inquest was held by the coroner, Dr. Hasell, yesterday afternoon in the city hall. W. G. Stevenson, proprietor of the Bodega, stated that Horne was in his saloon at an early hour yesterday morning and had left at a quarter to three. He came back a few minutes afterwards and got some matches, and then went home. He was apparently sober at the time. George W. Greig, who lived opposite Horne's house, saw the deceased somewhat under the influence of liquor, the evening before, and heard him singing in his house about midnight.

Constable Kavanagh and Chief Deasy gave evidence as to the fire, Chief Deasy giving it as his opinion that the fire had originated close to Horne's bed. This, from the fact that Horne was a heavy smoker, seems to point to the fire starting from Horne smoking in bed and falling asleep. Then awakened by the fire, he was on his way to the door when overpowered by the smoke and flames. Dr. Large, who made the post mortem, showed that there were marks of burning on the body both before and after death. From the condition of the heart and brain death had been caused by suffocation and shock.

The jury brought in a verdict to the effect that death had been caused by suffocation and shock through the burning of the house, but that the cause of the fire was unknown.

The house, which is one of a row of shacks owned by S. C. Smith, was almost totally destroyed, and about $25 of damage was done to the next door shack. The loss is, altogether, only about $200, and the insurance on the two houses is $300 in the British American.

Horne's funeral takes place this afternoon.

Common Sense

Should be used in attempting to cure that very disagreeable disease, catarrh. As catarrh originates in impurities in the blood, local applications can do no permanent good. The common sense method of treatment is to purify the blood, and for this purpose there is no preparation superior to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring peristaltic action to the alimentary canal.

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE--20,000 ACRES FARMING LAND

In contiguous Blocks; Beautifully watered; forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings, 2000 cattle; 50 to 80 horses, easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed, most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

FOR SALE---A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head Cattle 1 pedigree Hereford Bull.
12 Horses.
Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.
Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gent's), Bridles, etc.
Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.
9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.
7 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, &c.
Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Gattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys.

The Climate is not severe, the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains.

The Title is Crown Grant. Immediate possession can be given.

The South West Kootenay and Osoyoos Divisions of Yale District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines to date, are destined in the next year or two to be the richest and most important mineral centres in the world.

These localities are rapidly settling up and as farm land is limited great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work these estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE NO. 74.

Estate of Russell, McDonald & Co.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of the following in separate tenders:

Ten shares A.O.U.W Building Association, representing $100, fully paid up $137 in Green, Worlock & Co.'s Estate, and for Book Debts, Vancouver Store, amounting to about $1,000 particulars of which can be seen by applying to the undersigned.

Tenders returnable by the 18th inst., at noon, and to be addressed to the undersigned.

THOS. T. HULL, Assignee,
ap5-12t Duck Building, Broad St., Victoria.

COAL NOTICE.

Having retired from the Coal business, I wish to thank my customers for their liberal patronage in the past, and now beg to refer them to Messrs. Spratt & Macaulay, 104 Government Street, where they will receive every attention.

ap5-1m W. T. DRAKE.

HANG WO HING KEE,
Importers and dealers in
Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods
NO. 31 CORMORANT STREET
P.O. BOX 832. no20 VICTORIA B. C.

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Funeral Director & Embalmer
62 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.
★★
The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR
FOR FAMILY USE,
IS THE BEST IN THE MARKET.
Ask Your Grocer for It. Have No Other.
MAFUFACTURED BY
Red Crown Roller Mills,
ALBANY, OREGON. au1

VICTORIA REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS FIRMS
OF
JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

LANGLEY & CO.
Wholesale Druggists
Established 1858.

SOUND the loud timbrel
O'er Canada's fair land;
For fine marmalades, jams and jellies,
Go to Falconer's stand.
Put up in 1lb. and 2lb. jars and 5lb. and 7lb. pails. Sold by all grocers.
FALCONER'S VINEGAR, PICKLE & JAM WORKS,
126 and 128 Fort Street,
Telephone 473. Victoria, B.C.

MARVELOUS LINIMENT AND MIXTURE
Cures Rheumatism
—AND ALL KINDS OF—
SPRAINS, PAINS AND ACHES.

READ A FEW TESTIMONIALS.

Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,
GENTLEMEN,—Was troubled with rheumatism so bad I could hardly walk, and was cured by using your Marvelous Rheumatic Cure.
A. McNEILL,
New York Hotel.

Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,
DEAR SIRS,—Had a bad sprained ankle, used Marvelous Liniment and was entirely cured in three days.
GEORGE SCHMIDT,
Steitz Restaurant.

Victoria, B.C., Jan. 17, 1893.
To Dean & Cryderman, druggists,
GENTLEMEN,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvelous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the Liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work.
Yours very thankfully,
S. NORMAN,
48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street.

DEAN & CRYDERMAN
SOLE AGENTS,
Corner Yates and Broad Streets, no14 Victoria, B. C.

Food for the Hungry.

The undersigned desires to call the attention of parties interested to the fact that temporary provision has been made for the relief of those in the city who are suffering from lack of necessary food.

The services of the officers of the Salvation Army, which have kindly been offered free of charge, have been accepted and arrangements made for the operation of a "Food Depot" in a room at the rear of the Salvation Army Barracks, Broad street.

The depot will be in running order on and after Tuesday, the 29th instant.

Breakfast may be had from 9 to 11 a.m., and supper from 4 to 6 p.m., and will be served to those holding tickets, which may be procured at the Barracks for a nominal sum, or in absolutely destitute cases, free.

Parties wishing to assist the movement may provide those whom they believe to be needy, with tickets, or may send in supplies to the Depot at any time during the day.

The undersigned would commend the Depot to all charitably disposed persons as an object most worthy of their practical support.

JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor.
Victoria, January 26, 1895. ja27

"Fire Insurance Policy Act, 1893," as Amended by the "Fire Insurance Policy Amendment Act, 1895."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has further postponed the commencement of "An Act to Secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance" from the 1st day of April, 1895, to the 1st day of July, 1895.

JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
28th February, 1895. mr2-td

MATERNITY (ate Samaritan) Home, removed to larger premises, at 199 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road or to Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road. fe19

The Colonist.

FRIDAY, ARRIL 12, 1895.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY, BY THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year (postage free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per year (postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States) ..... $ 2 00
Six months 1 25
Three months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable *strictly in advance.*

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REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:
More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 60 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.
Not more than one week, 30 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every day insertion.
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Advertisements unoccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.
Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.
Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

A BACKWARD GLANCE.

The best way to see how far a country has advanced is to look backward. The progress of events is in general so uniform, one day, and even one year, is so much like another, that it is difficult to tell at times whether a country is going ahead or is standing still.

There are always, in every country, croakers and prophets of evil who do their best to convince those who listen to them that never were times so bad as the present, and never was so little progress made. Such an impression do these wet blankets of society make upon many that it is often difficult to convince them that the country they live in is not on the whole going behindhand. It is only when the healthy-minded and clear-sighted examine the road over which the country has been travelling for the last forty years or so that the progress which has been made appears so considerable as to convince the most skeptical that great advances have been made and that the country is in a hopeful condition.

The Hon. Lorrin Thurston, Hawaiian Minister to Washington, has been taking a look backwards to find out what progress the countries on the Pacific coast have been making during the last forty-four years in comparison with the headway which those on the eastern side of the continent have made in the same period. He has given the world the result of his survey of the past in the April number of the North American Review. "The Growing Greatness of the Pacific" is the title which he has given his article. His text is a passage from a speech made by Senator Seward in 1852. This is the sanguine Senator's prediction:

Henceforth European commerce, European politics, European thought and European activity, although actually gaining force; and European connections, although actually becoming more intimate, will, nevertheless, relatively sink in importance; while the Pacific Ocean, its shores, its islands and the vast region beyond will become the chief theatre of events in the world's great hereafter.

Mr. Thurston's object is evidently to show that this prophecy is in the course of being fulfilled. In 1852, when the prediction was made, this continent east of the Mississippi was almost a terra incognita. The civilization and the business of the continent were nearly all east of that great river. California was in those early days little more than a string of mining camps, and Oregon and Washington were hardly known by name. As for British Columbia, it was heard of only by a few who were connected with the Hudson's Bay Company. Very little was known about China, and Japan was almost utterly unknown to the civilized world. The trade of the Pacific could be then represented by very few figures, and the Australian colonies were only beginning to be known and talked about.

Since 1852 California has grown to be a great State, Oregon has improved wonderfully and Washington has developed into a prosperous country. The change in British Columbia has been perhaps greater than that of the Pacific Coast States. "Its population has increased," Mr. Thurston says, "from a few traders and Indians of Seward's day to 56,000 in 1881 and 98,000 in 1891." This increase of population has been attended by advances which, when we look back upon them, appear to be really wonderful. Its trade has increased from a very small figure indeed to nearly eleven million dollars a year. Its mining, fishing, manufacturing and agricultural industries have, in a very short space of time, undergone a most extraordinary development, and that development is still going on with even increased vigor and rapidity. It was only the other day that lines of steamships were established between British Columbia and China and Japan, and between British Columbia and Australasia. The mining development of the Kootenay country has been very great and promises in the near future to be greater still. The agricultural lands of the Province are being occupied, and more attention than ever has been paid to the cultivation of the soil. A good beginning has been made in the development of the deep sea fishery. Railways have been and are being constructed, the country is being opened up by roads, and large tracts of the wilderness have been surveyed. Although some people have been croaking and complaining, no part of the continent has gone ahead faster than British Columbia, and in none is the prospect more cheering.

"During 1893," Mr. Thurston says, "British Columbia produced gold, coal, lumber and salmon of a value over $5,000,000; imported $5,000,000 and exported $5,600,000 worth of merchandise, and was the port of registration of 246 vessels engaged in foreign trade; and yet its mines of gold and coal, its millions of acres of forest, its rich agricultural lands, its 400,000 square miles of territory, larger than all the States bordering on the Atlantic from Maine to Florida, have yet scarcely been touched. What this country will be at the end of forty years can only be judged by comparison with what has taken place in its Southern neighbors."

The prospect which the trade of Asia opens for British Columbia is really magnificent. China will no doubt in the near future be more accessible to commercial enterprise than ever it was. Japan is a growing nation, and Siberia, when its great transcontinental railway is constructed, will want much that the people of the Dominion of Canada have to sell. British Columbia is so situated and its facilities for commercial intercourse are so many and so great that it can reasonably expect a large share of the Asiatic trade. The countries south of the equator will no doubt contribute considerably to swell British Columbia's trade and increase its importance as a maritime province. When all these sources of prosperity are considered and many others that Mr. Thurston notices in his very valuable article, we are not at all surprised that he sees in a very strong light the growing importance of the countries and states bordering the Pacific. There is no doubt but that there is a glorious future in store for British Columbia. It possesses all the elements of commercial and manufacturing greatness, and the present generation and those that are to succeed it will no doubt utilize these elements to the utmost of their capacity for their own advantage as well as for the greatness and the prosperity of their country. It can be seen clearly now that the pioneers of this Province and of the Coast generally, although many of them did not seem to realize it, have been engaged in building up a magnificent country. They worked better than they knew. Let those who are going on with what they commenced try to realize the greatness of the destiny of their country and work with the certainty that their labor will produce the most beneficent results for them and for their children.

SOME TALL TALK.

It takes very little indeed to set some of our American neighbors on their high horse. They seem to think that the mission of the Great Republic is to protect all the little republics of the North and the South, no matter what their character may be and how little they may deserve protection.

Great Britain has a boundary dispute with Venezuela. She has offered to submit her claims to arbitration, but the Venezuelans ignored her offer. She now proposes to assert her claim vigorously and to use force if force becomes necessary. The prospect of a "'tarnal Britisher" profaning with his foot a country that calls itself a republic sets jingo American journalists wild. Venezuela is nothing to them, and the Venezuelans don't care a hill of beans about the republic of the United States, yet when Great Britain has a dispute with Venezuela these Americans are bound to do all in their power to compel their Government to interfere. This is what so moderate a paper as the New York Advertiser says about the action which the United States must take if Great Britain attempts to use force to bring the Venezuelans to a proper sense of their obligations:

If Great Britain goes the length of landing troops on American soil, as she has not hesitated to do on African, we must retaliate. Actual and sufficient reinforcements of Venezuelan troops by United States soldiers must be sent down and preparations must be made for an attack on Canada. These seem to be inevitable consequences of the British programme if Lord Kimberly insists on adhering to it.

It is reasonable to assume that our inveterate foe has well considered the subject and is prepared for the inevitable result of her policy, but it is not easy to understand her motive in risking so much for such an apparently insignificant stake. A few acres more or less and a possible gold mine or two in Venezuela cannot account for her deliberate act of aggression. It is probable that the subject has been canvassed throughout Europe with a view to the abrogation of the Monroe doctrine in order that the key of the future Nicaragua canal shall not be intrusted to this Republic for safe keeping. The fact that France and Germany, both great manufacturing powers, with interests scattered through the world, are represented in Venezuelan waters simultaneously with Great Britain, is not a mere coincidence. Europe is preparing to fight for the control of the new waterway, and the first step is to deny our right of jurisdiction on this continent beyond the Canadian and Mexican borders.

Under these circumstances we may as well prepare for military and naval operations of no small dimensions. We cannot afford to back down or even arbitrate the position we have taken.

We wonder if the Advertiser has sat down to count the cost of such an interference as it insists upon? The whole of Venezuela is not worth the expense which the United States would have to incur to prepare for war and the loss that she would certainly suffer in a six months' fight with Great Britain in a quarrel which is in no sense her own. The utter folly of such a course as the Advertiser advises must be plain to every man of sense in the United States. What can be more absurd than to speak of Great Britain as the "inveterate foe" of the United States? England has been the best friend and the best customer that the United States has had for the last half century. England has, by her liberal trade policy and by the investments which her capitalists have made, helped very materially to build up the United States, and appearances are very deceptive if that country does not want her help now as badly as ever it did. What is the good of the Advertiser's tall talk? The United States will not go to war with England about Venezuela. The Americans have too much good sense to fight with Great Britain in such a cause, and Venezuela, lock, stock and barrel, is not worth the hundredth part of the sacrifice that must be made.

THAT DOCTRINE.

As so much is just now said and written about the Monroe Doctrine it may be well to reproduce the part of President Monroe's Message which now goes by that name. The Message was submitted to Congress on the second day of December, 1823; it is therefore nearly seventy-two years old. Here it is:

We owe it to candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and the Allied Powers to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European Power we have not interfered, and shall not interfere; but with the governments which have declared their independence and maintained it, and whose independence we have, on great consideration and just principles, acknowledged, we could not view an interposition for oppressing them, or controlling in any other manner their destiny, by any European Power, in any other light than as a manifestation of an unfriendly disposition toward the United States.

This is the passage of a President's Message which editors and politicians interpret so very freely as to give the United States authority to interfere between any republic of either North or South America and any European power in a dispute relative to the payment of a debt or the adjustment of a boundary line.

BRITISH PROTECTIONISTS.

The Opposition in this Province have been continually asserting that there are no protectionists to speak of in Great Britain. They have also tried to create the impression that the agricultural distress in the country has been greatly exaggerated by the Conservatives of the Dominion for party purposes. The evidence that the Canadian free traders are wrong in both contentions is overwhelming. It is to be found in almost every English newspaper that one opens. In the American-European News-Letter, which we opened accidentally a day or two ago, almost the first paragraph that attracted our attention commenced as follows:

"A large number of agriculturists have changed their ideas during the past two years as to the desirability of Protection, and many farmers who were before free traders in their opinions would now like the British Government to do what the Spanish Minister of Finance declares his Government are doing—namely, considering a definite arrangement regarding the protection of cereals."

A valued contributor has sent us the following extract from the Pall Mall Gazette:

How is it that the average Englishman seems to prefer that his butter, his eggs and his fruit should come from abroad? Mr. Sutton read a paper before the Farmers' Club yesterday, in which he showed that last year we imported £142,122,726 worth of such goods, although if we had chosen an hundred millions worth might have been grown in England. Yet during the last thirty years more than three and a half million acres of arable land have been turned down to grass in England alone, and this means a dead annual loss to the farmer of some six million pounds. Mr. Sutton sees no hope but in Protection, or in a war which will force us to grow our own food, or in a large discovery of gold.

Perhaps the last is the surest hope; it is not so generally recognized as it should be, that the prosperity which followed the repeal of the corn laws was due to the Australian and Californian discoveries of gold almost as much as to Free Trade. But though the Rand and Coolgardie may do a little for English agriculture the fact remains that it must dwindle and decay unless the farmers look after the small produce—the butter, the eggs and the fruit.

Hemp Squares, Union Squares, Wool Squares, and the best stock of carpets we have ever had for you to choose from. Weiler Bros.

Remember to send your friends Easter cards. Hibben & Co.

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

"THE TYPE OF WHAT A NATURAL MINERAL EFFERVESCENT TABLE WATER SHOULD *BE."*
Land and Water.

"ITS PURITY AND THE ABUNDANCE OF ITS NATURAL CARBONIC ACID COMBINE, WITH ITS SOFT VELVETY TASTE, TO MAKE IT PRE-EMINENT."
British Medical Journal.

MONEY TO LOAN

On improved property.
HEISTERMAN & CO.
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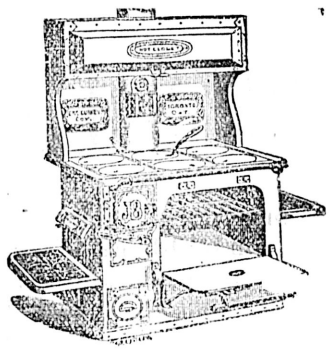
USE MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for British Columbia.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IMPERIAL SHADES
CHEAPEST. STRONGEST. BEST.
MENZIE, TURNER & CO., SHADE MANUFACTURERS TO THE TRADE, TORONTO.
Sold by all Reliable Dealers.



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Gardening Tools,
Spray Pumps and Syringes,
Lawn Mowers,
Hedge and Grass Shears.

The cheapest and best place to buy these goods is at

CHEAPSIDE.

127 GOVERNMENT STREET. GEO. POWELL & CO.

LENZ & LEISER,
WHOLESALE
Dry Goods, Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Etc.

We carry the Largest Stock in these lines west of Montreal, and are therefore able to compete with any House in the Trade.
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PLANET JR.
GARDEN IMPLEMENTS

FOR SALE AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Lawn Mowers,
Lawn Rollers,
Garden Hose,
Garden Tools {All Kinds,
Garden Barrows.

E. G. PRIOR & CO., Ld.,
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER and KAMLOOPS.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)
CAPITAL (With power to increase.) ..... £600,000, $2,920,000.
RESERVE ..... £275,000, $1,338,333.

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IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:
CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. In UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York. Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & CO.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
Victoria, B.C., Jan. 1, 1895. ap5 GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

LIBERTY ART SERGE
IN THE LATEST SHADES. DIFFERENT WIDTHS.

LIBERTY OATMEAL CLOTH
FIRST CONSIGNMENT. GOOD RICH COLORS.

These goods make up very rich-looking Window Curtains and Portieres, suitable also for Drapery Work and many other purposes.

WEILER BROS.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR LIBERTY ART FABRICS

AUCTION SALES.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO'Y,
Real Estate, Furniture, Farm Stock and
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.
Specialties—Furniture and Real Estate Sales
Cattle Auction Twice a Month.

Seven years' experience in some of the largest cities in England, amongst the finest auctioneers in the world. Four years' experience here in Victoria, with a thorough practical knowledge of every branch of the business and of the values of every description of merchandise.

MONEY LOANED

on every class of chattels consigned for sale. We advise our clients, in their own interests, to sell their goods at auction, as they get the full market price; but when an auction is not desired

WE BUY FURNISHED HOUSES FOR CASH,

or any bankrupt stock to any amount, at a moment's notice. We give the same personal attention to small sales that we do to large auctions. We endeavor always to be courteous to those attending our sales and to study their convenience. We make settlements same day, if desired. Our premises are the best appointed, most central and convenient in the city, and have been specially adapted to their present purposes by ourselves at a large expense. Have you any auction or confidential business? come and see us. We handled nearly $100,000 of our clients' money in 1894—that is the test. Terms the same as any other auctioneer of standing.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Auctioneers Abreast of the Times.

PLINY E. DAVIS & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
OFFICE AND SALESROOMS, - - - 37 AND 39 YATES ST.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Stocks of merchandise and furniture of dwellings bought for spot cash.

WM. T. HARDAKER,
AUCTIONEER,
Having leased the theatre and other premises adjoining my Auction Rooms, which gives me by far the largest and best appointed Auction Rooms in the city I am prepared to handle Real Estate, Live Stock, Furniture and any saleable article to the best advantage. Liberal advances on consignments. Household goods, etc., bought outright for spot cash. Goods stored. All business strictly confidential.
Nos. 77, 79 and 81 Douglas Street.
ja11

MILLINERY :: OPENING.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY
MRS. WHITLAW'S, FORT STREET.

Miss Fowls having engaged a first-class French Milliner from one of the leading houses in San Francisco, who has purchased the greater part of our Trimmed Millinery, and with our usual English and French Goods, we are enabled this season to give our customers greater choice to select from, having over two hundred Imported Millinery Patterns. ap4-1m

A CORDIAL INVITATION IS EXTENDED TO ALL
—TO—
OUR OPENING
—OF—
Spring and Summer Millinery
ON THURSDAY, APRIL 4.
MRS. W. BICKFORD,
SOMERSET HOUSE, - - - 61 AND 63 FORT ST.
ap2-1m

NICKEL ALARM CLOCKS, 90c.
S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
63½ YATES STREET,
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years. ap4

MEETINGS.

NOTICE.
The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the British Columbia Southern Railway Company will be held at 45 Fort street, Victoria, B.C., on Monday, the twenty-ninth day of April, A.D. 1895, at 11 o'clock a.m., for the election of directors and the transation of business generally.
mr26-td J. A. GEMMILL, Secretary.

"ST. ANDREW & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY." Society meets in Caledonia Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month. Visiting brethren are invited to attend. E. C. Smith, Secretary. my4-1m

EDUCATIONAL.

REMOVAL
OF THE ENGLISH ACADEMY TO
ANGELA COLLEGE.

Miss Devereux begs to inform the parents of her pupils, and her friends, that having rented Angela College her school, the "English Academy," will for the future be known as "Angela College." Owing to the greater accommodation which will now be at Miss Devereux's disposal, she will be glad to meet the pressure of the times by forming Elementary and Junior Departments at special rates. Miss Devereux is also ready to receive BOARDING PUPILS. Applications may be made during the Easter week to MISS DEVEREUX,
Angela College, Victoria.
School re-opens after Easter vacation Monday, April 22nd. ap10-1m

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK,
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE,)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc.

Re-opens Monday, January 7th, 1895.
PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH M.A.

MRS. BRADLEY (10 years in Paris) is prepared to receive pupils for French lessons, and also intends commencing classes for French conversation at 25c. per lesson. Address 6 Douglas street. ap10-1m

MR. L. BRADLEY, Organist and Director of the Choir of the R.E Church, receives pupils for piano, organ, singing, 'cello and theory lessons. New address, 6 Douglas street. ap 9-1m

MEN'S SPRING SUITS { $5.00, $6 00, $8 00, $10.00, $12.00.
BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS { $1.50, $1.60, $2.00, $2.25, $2.75.

CALL AND SEE { THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, HATS, ETC., IN THE CITY

B. WILLIAMS & CO. { Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street.

AUCTION SALES.

April 18—Furniture, etc. H. Cuthbert & Co.

THE CITY.

THE Easter vacation of the law courts opens to-day and will continue until Friday, the 19th inst.

THE annual general meeting of the B.C. Fire Underwriters' association is to be held in Vancouver on the 27th inst.

THE extravaganza, "Ruins from Rome," is to have a second presentation at the rooms of St. John's church guild on Herald street on the evening of the 23rd instant.

MR. JUSTICE DRAKE in chambers yesterday fixed the date for the trial of the suit of the Globe Furniture Co. v. Muirhead & Mann, Victoria School Trustees and Albion Iron Works, on April 24.

JOHN MCKAY was acquitted yesterday of the charge of stealing a pair of bracelets from Mrs. Oleson. The bracelets had disappeared from a room occupied by the defendant at Mrs. Oleson's house, but there was nothing to convict him of having taken them. Mr. G. E. Powell appeared for the defence.

JOHN GORDON, arrested for the attempted burglary of 35 Chatham street on Wednesday evening was remanded till Saturday. Gordon claims that though he entered the house in question by one of the windows and went out by the back door his intentions were not burglarious. He has retained Barrister Frank Higgins to defend him.

THE provincial and city offices are closed to-day, and the former will remain so until Tuesday; the city offices will be open to-morrow but will be closed again Easter Monday. The regular meeting of the council will be held on Tuesday instead of Monday evening, and the time for receiving applications for the office of librarian has been accordingly extended until Tuesday noon.

A MOTHERS' meeting led by Mrs. (Dr.) Siddall was held by the W.C.T.U. yesterday. At the close of the meeting the president reported that she had received a letter from Ottawa which stated that the added three years for contempt of court to the sentence of John Simpson had been cancelled. Notice was given of a resolution to be moved at the next weekly meeting respecting the advisability of assisting in employing a missionary to the lumbering districts on the Mainland.

ENSIGN EDGECOMBE and Cadet Barber of the Salvation Army are arranging to leave by the Danube on her return trip, as passengers for Port Simpson, where they are to take charge of the post established originally by Indians of the Methodist church. The latter, it will be remembered, sent a delegation to Victoria during General Booth's visit and asked that their church be taken over by the Army. Their interview with the General has been productive of the desired result.

A SPLENDID rehearsal of "Il Trovatore," with orchestra, was held last night and a full dress rehearsal is to be held to-morrow night. The costumes are "dreams of perfection." Several of the photographs of the principals and others will be on view in Waitt's and Jamieson's on Saturday. The box seat plans for both nights and also for the matinee bespeak bumper houses to witness Verdi's dramatic opera. The matinee performance, it was decided last evening, will be given on Saturday instead of Wednesday as at first intended.

FROM the preparations being made, the third annual ball of the James Bay Athletic Association, to be held on Thursday evening next at the A O U.W. hall, promises to be a thoroughly successful affair. The ball is under the patronage of His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney and Mrs. Dewdney. The committee expect to outdo former efforts, and are again ably assisted by the ladies' committee, to whose valuable help the success of former affairs has been largely due. Finn's orchestra of six pieces has been engaged to supply the music.

A NOTICE has been sent out by A. F. Barham, provisional liquidator of the B. C. Pottery and Terra Cotta Co., calling a meeting of the creditors by direction of Mr. Justice Walkem, in the chamber court at the court house on Friday, April 19, at two o'clock p.m., for the purpose of ascertaining the wishes of the creditors as to carrying on the works of the company, with a view to effecting a sale thereof as a going concern, and for the appointment of a liquidator. The mode of preliminary proof of creditors' claims for the purposes of the meeting and entitling a creditor to a vote will be by filing affidavits with Mr. Barham at 44 Government street before noon on Friday, April 19.

TO MORROW evening's popular concert at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. will be of unusual interest. The appended programme is announced: Piano solo, Mr. Burnett; recitation, Mrs. B. Davis; song, Mr. A. Wheeler; banjo solo, Mr. Tweedy; violin solo, Mr. Arthur Rhodes; humorous selection, Mr. H. Gilder; and harmonica solo, Mr. J. Hill. Then will come the special feature of the evening—a gymnastic exhibition to consist of tumbling by Messrs. H. Mellish, C. Wrigleswortb and C. Esnouf; Indian club swinging by Mr. H. Gilder; horizontal bar work by Messrs. G. Tite, H. Mellish, H. Roper, J. Sharp and C. Esnouf; parallel bar performance by Messrs. G. Tite, A. W. Peterson, C. Esnouf, C. H. Erskine, W. Peden, H. Roper, J. Sharp, C. Wrigleswortb and H. Mellish.

IN accordance with instructions received from Ottawa yesterday Collector of Customs A. R. Milne has issued the following notice to sealers: "Notice is hereby given that of the amount allotted to hunters and seamen in the award of Her Britannic Majesty's government, as compensation for loss in respect of the modus vivendi in Behring Sea during 1891, a balance of the sum allotted to hunters and seamen on board certain of the vessels, whose claims have not yet been presented, remains unpaid. The lords commissioners of Her Majesty's treasury have granted an extension of the time for receiving claims from these hunters and seamen on lay (or their legal representatives) to share in the compensation, up to the 31st day of March, 1896. All outstanding claims must, therefore, be sent to the Collector of Customs, at the custom house at Victoria, British Columbia, on or before that date, and no claims will be received or considered thereafter."

THE A O U.W. building association held a special meeting yesterday but transacted no business of public interest.

NORTHERN residents now in the city predict a good salmon catch this year. One reliable indication is a good run of oolachans and other small fish, which has already been noted in the Skeena.

THE Law relief fund has now reached the handsome total of $986 20, yesterday's additions being as below reported: C. J. V. Spratt, $10 05; G. M., 50; and officers and crew of the Lorne, $24 50.

BICYCLERS and others who use the track at the park will appreciate Ald. Hall's thoughtfulness in having the street superintendent put a couple of men at work for a short time yesterday afternoon, clearing off the stones and making little improvements.

A MEETING of the members of Calvary Baptist church was held last evening to select a new pastor. After considerable discussion it was finally decided to extend a call to Rev. Ralph Trotter, late of Barrie, now of Toronto, Ont., a well known Eastern divine.

THERE was a pretty little wedding at the residence of Mrs. Bloomfield, 113 Chatham street, last evening, when her daughter Carrie was married to Mr. E B. Rooklidge, a well known and popular young man of this city The bride was supported by her sister, Lizzie Bloomfield and by Miss Rooklidge, while Mr. A. J. Bates acted as best man. Rev. Solomon Cleaver officiated.

THE headquarter companies of the B C. B. G. A. will muster at the drill hall to day at 9:30 for their annual "field day," Col. Peters being in command and a start being made for Foul and Shoal bays at 10 o'clock. The line of march will be by way of Fairfield road, and as the soldiers are taking with them unlimited supplies of blank cartridges the sham battle should prove a hard fought one.

YESTERDAY'S issue of the British Columbia Gazette contains formal notice of the dates and places at which Courts of Assize will be held during the present year. The Spring Assizes are thus arranged: Nanaimo, May 7; Westminster, May 17; Vancouver, May 21; Clinton, May 28; Kamloops, June 3; and Vernon, June 10, with special assizes at Donald on June 14 and at Nelson on June 19.

USE OF DRY GOODS.

An Increased Consumption Now as Compared With Former Years.

It should be remembered that 60 years ago the market for dry goods, taking the words in a large sense, was much less extensive than at present. A great deal of linen, cotton and woolen cloth was made in families, and men's clothing was largely prepared by domestic seamstresses. Homespun was still much worn. Men and boys who were not afflicted with rheumatism did not wear undershirts and drawers, and the corresponding garments were not used by the other sex till after 1825.

Carpets were unknown among the poor 80 years ago, even in the rustic form of those made of rags. It was after this date that a parishioner of Dr. Lyman Beecher, seeing a neat and gay rag carpet in the pastor's house, inquired solemnly if he thought he could have all this and heaven too. Ingrain and brussels came into use among the middle and lower classes in cities about 1830 and in the country 10 or 15 years later. Cotton goods were very dear in 1820, but have steadily been sinking ever since as the facilities of manufacture have improved.

Ready made clothing 50 years after the Declaration of Independence was only to be found in seaports or in those places where there was likely to be at any time an influx of backwoodsmen, boatmen or miners. The stores were then familiarly known as "slopshops," and the garments made very little pretense to fitting. Countless varieties of cloth and a multitude of accessories in the dry goods trade have come up within the half century. Before that the supply was scanty. Men and women in society in Jefferson's time were well dressed. Their velvets, their lace, their satins and their gloves would compare with those of today or were even finer, but the great mass of the people had few varieties of material to choose from and made no pretense of following the fashions. They could not.—New York Price Current.

On Good Friday and Easter Monday trains will leave the V. & S. railway station, Hillside avenue, at 7 a.m. and 1 p.m. Returning, will leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m. and 6:15 p.m. Saturday and Sunday, trains as usual. *

The Brackman & Ker Milling company are selling choice Timothy hay for $10 per ton, delivered free. *

Cheap Fuel.

Householders are recommended to use the genuine Wellington nut coal, the best and most economical fuel for stove purposes Sold only by Rattray & Hall, at $5 per ton delivered. Dry cut wood on hand at $4 50 per cord. *

SPECIAL facilities for making blank books. R. W. Williams & Co., 28 Broad street. *

Arrived new wall papers, Mellor's. *

H. Siebenbaum has taken charge of the Palace Saloon. He will be pleased to see all his friends in the new place as well as in the old one. *

Garden syringes at Cheapside *

Easter cards are growing more popular every year. Hibben & Co. ×

FIVE IN IRONS.

Seamen Refuse Duty on the Bark "Melrose" —One of the Crew Lost Ashore.

The American bark Melrose, loaded with timber from Cowichan and destined for Santa Rosalia, Mexico, was to have sailed from Esquimalt harbor yesterday. Five of the crew, however, took it into their heads that they preferred to stop in Victoria. They had no complaint, they simply wanted to be paid off. The captain remonstrated, and finally applied to the provincial police for help. Sergeant Langley and constable Hoosen went aboard, and as the men sullenly refused to go back to duty, but acknowledged they had no complaint to make of either captain or ship, the result was, that in approved nautical style, they were "clapped in irons." This had a beneficial effect on three of them, who decided that work was decidedly to be preferred. The two others will probably give in to the inevitable soon, as the bark sails this morning Another seaman from the same vessel had failed to report aboard ship last night. He got an advance from Capt. Peterson yesterday and started up town to get some clothes. He bought the clothes all right and set his course for Esquimalt late in the afternoon with a big bundle under his arm. He probably made too many stoppages at the seamen's havens on the way as he was reported lost with all aboard. The Melrose will not await his arrival if he has failed to turn up before morning.

CHIEF JUSTICE DAVIE.

He Returns From His Visit to Ottawa and the East.

Chief Justice Davie, who for several weeks past has been visiting Ottawa and other cities in the East, returned home last night. With the exception of arranging with the government at Ottawa for a settlement with the province of British Columbia of the questions in dispute about the land in the railway belt, the Chief Justice's visit was mostly taken up with his private business.

"Of course you will understand," he said last night, speaking of his trip, "in my present position I have put politics altogether aside. It was only because these land disputes had arisen and been the subject of negotiations during my connection with the government of the province that I considered it my duty to bring them to a close." The conditions of settlement have already been fully given in the press reports, so that there is no need of my repeating them. The only thing that remains to bring them into force is to have them ratified by the province."

During his Eastern trip the Chief Justice, besides his stay in Ottawa, visited Montreal, Toronto and one or two other places.

MR. WILSON'S LETTER.

TO THE EDITOR:—Having myself attended the recent quarterly meeting of the Board of Trade and heard what was there said on Mr. William Wilson's remarkable "British Pacific resolution," I—no doubt like many others—was almost petrified with astonishment on reading the letter appearing over Mr. Wilson's signature in the Times of last evening. For my part, and I am not alone by any means, I certainly did not hear either Mr. Earle or Mr. Prior use the language imputed to him in the Times' report. I am sure that neither gentleman referred to the British Pacific scheme or company as a "bogus affair"—directly or indirectly. It would have been the extreme of nonsense for them so to do, and, if they had, no doubt others than the Times reporter (whom Mr. Wilson quotes, though he does not assume the responsibility of vouching for the report) would have noted the remarkable expression of opinion. I will go so far as to say that the language reported to have been used by Messrs. Earle and Prior was not uttered by them at all, in word or in sense; and I have no doubt that had Mr. Earle or Mr. Prior observed the, to me almost unrecognizable, report of their remarks before leaving for Ottawa it would have had prompt contradiction.

The general impression of the meeting when Mr. Wilson's resolution was introduced was, as Mr. Gray expressed it, that Mr. Wilson was endeavoring to perpetrate one of his ponderous jokes, but had not considered that it might result disadvantageously to British Columbia and Victoria. This view of the matter was, I believe, shared by Messrs. Earle and Prior, for they could not believe that Mr. Wilson would confess himself so deficient in ordinary business sense as to ask the board to urge upon parliament the granting of a guarantee before the railway company sought or required it. Nor, in my opinion, did the majority of those present imagine Mr. Wilson to be so ignorant of the canons of good taste and so barren of provincial patriotism as to endeavor to induce the board to intrude upon the private preliminary operations of the railway company, with the only possible object of hampering the company and delaying the construction of the railway which all true-hearted British Columbians desire to see an actual reality as soon as possible.

The stand taken by Messrs. Earle and Prior was simplicity itself and requires little space for its definition. They said that while ready to give Mr. Wilson credit for good intention, the British Pacific promoters had not yet sufficiently matured their project to approach the Dominion house for assistance; that when they were ready to ask it would certainly be time enough for the board to support the application; and that the record of the past showed that there is no reason to believe that the Dominion government would refuse any reasonable request for aid which, when the proper time comes, may be made. It would, they said, be foolish for the board to move in advance of the parties most interested. This is certainly common sense talk, and common sense people will see the force of it.

BYSTANDER.

Victoria, April 11, 1895.

Something on wheels for "Baby" can be seen at Weiler Bros., come around and look at the latest. +

If you want bargains in furniture, carpets, linoleums, curtains, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., go to the Sehl, Hastie, Erskine Furniture Company, you will find their prices the lowest in the province for cash. *

Mrs. Dr. L. Runyon, chiropodist, manicuring, and removing superfluous hair, facial blemishes; all kind cosmetics for sale, face bleaching and face steaming. Five Sisters block, rooms 33 and 35; office hours 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. *

After the Grip

I was in a dreadful state, weak and miserable. Doctor said I had Bright's disease. My kidneys were in dreadful condition. I read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to give it a trial, thinking at the time it was not much use as nothing helped me before. But, thank God, I got relief after the first bottle. I kept on taking it and used five bottles; **am now a cured man**; never felt better. I owe my life to Hood's Sarsaparilla. JOSHUA SMITH, 201 Market Street, Brantford, Ontario

Mr. Joshua Smith

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure nausea and biliousness.

BUY-CYCLES.

Our line of Wheels this year includes the three Highest Grade Bicycles made in the States.

COLUMBIAS, STEARNS, CRESCENTS.

Liberal discount for cash, and sold on easy monthly payments.

M. W. WAITT & CO.

64 GOVERNMENT STREET.

J. H. WARNER & CO,
PLUMBERS { Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitters.
Sewer Connections a Specialty.
mr17-1mo. 105 Yates St., Victoria, B.C. P.O. Box 359.

LIGHT! LIGHT!! LIGHT!!!

The Victoria Electric Railway & Lighting Co.

Having arranged extensive alterations and additions to their plant, are now prepared to supply citizens with Electric Lighting to any extent at moderate rates. For terms apply at the offices of the Company, Store Street . . . .

HEDLEY CHAPMAN,
Managing Director. mr16-2w

EASTER HATS.

Every well dressed man will appear in a New Spring Hat, Sunday. As a rule this would be expensive, but our Reduction Sale fixes things all right this year. Here are some of the latest styles and prices:

Fedoras, from $1.00 to $3 50.
Stiff Hats, from $1.50 to $3.25.

CARMICHAEL & CO.
GENTS' OUTFITTERS,
65 YATES STREET.

CHEW TUCKETT'S T. & B.

"Mahogany" and "Black"

CHEWING TOBACCO.

Manufactured by
The George E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.
fe24

ARTISTIC - - JOB PRINTING
of all kinds, from a "NEEDLE TO AN ANCHOR" is speedily and cheaply executed at
THE COLONIST
Merchants and citizens in general should see samples and get prices. +

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. oc16

THE WESTSIDE.

RECEIVED YESTERDAY, THE SECOND SHIPMENT OF

Capes and Jackets

PARASOLS, SUNSHADES, UMBRELLAS. } ETC., ETC.
Parties who have been waiting for these goods will kindly call on Saturday, the 13th instant.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

ANOTHER

of the many styles now in stock of

Geo. E. Keith's Fine American Shoes

In Patent Calf, Calf and Russia, in all the latest styles.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS
35 JOHNSON STREET.

INVESTMENTS

Pay When Rightly Made. Here are a Few Paying Ones:
Men's Suits, $5.00, $6.00 and $7 50, all sizes.
Boys' Suits, in Long Pants, All Wool, $5.00.
Children's Suits from $1.00 upwards.
You will find our investments pay a good dividend in the wear.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS
35 and 37 JOHNSON STREET.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA CORPORATION
LIMITED.

DEPOSITS 5 PER CENT. FOR FIXED PERIODS. 4 PER CENT. REPAYABLE ON DEMAND.

ADVANCES ON APPROVED SECURITY AT CURRENT RATES OF INTEREST.

Bills Discounted. Estates Managed. Rents Collected.
Shares and Debentures Bought and Sold.
Trusts and Executorships Accepted.

ROBERT WARD & COMPANY, LIMITED,
TEMPLE BUILDING, VICTORIA, MANAGERS AND AGENTS.
ap3 1m

THE 1895 EAGLE

17 TO 21 POUNDS.
5-INCH TREAD.
DETACHABLE SPROCKETS.
EAGLE ALUMINUM RIMS.
FOR CEMENT OR CLINCHER TIRES
EAGLE COLD-SWAGED FRAMES.
1⅛ AND 1⅜-INCH TUBES.
SWAGED, TAPERED, RE-INFORCED PERFECT SPROCKETS.

You Cannot Overlook It.

PERRY & TURNER,
AGENTS FOR THE
Eagle, Ajax and Eclipse Bicycles.
After being offered the agency for the best Wheels in the country we visited various cities and examined all the different Wheels, and were convinced that the Eagle, Ajax and Eclipse Wheels are the best in the market.
ap11-6t

READ THIS OVER.
If you have one or more teeth badly decayed and would like new teeth that will look exactly like the original, without any plate, I can make them. Call in and inquire, it will cost you nothing for a little talk.
All dental operations done on the easy monthly payment system. H. B. FINDLEY, D.D.S., Philadelphia, 1889. Office over Baker's shoe store, Government street. mr17-1m

CITY IRON WORKS.
WILLIAM GODFREY,
Steam Boiler Maker, Marine and Stationery; House, Ship and Engine Smith; Retorts and Coolers; Cannery Work a specialty.
205 Government St, - - Victoria, B.C.
fe6-3m

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

ADELPHI CAFE,
CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS,
E. M. HAUGEN, PROPRIETOR.
NOW OPEN.
Merchants' Lunch, Short Orders, Etc.
Served for 25 cents and upwards. Everything in the latest style and the best the market affords.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
Patronize Home Industry.
mr27 1m No Chinese Employed.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH WILL BE SERVED AT THE Poodle Dog Restaurant
from 12 to 2. Meals, with glass of beer or claret, 40c. Regular meals, with glass of beer or claret, 50c. LOUIS MARBOEUF, Prop.
ja23-1m

SODA! SODA!! SODA!!!
All Flavors ICE COLD SODA
SERVED AT THE
CENTRAL DRUG STORE,
Clarence Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

M. G. BLANCHARD, V. S.,
Graduate of Montreal Veterinary College,
Dominion Veterinary Inspector.
Office, Victoria Transfer Stables, Telphone 129. Residence 56 Michigan St. Telephone 110.
fe1-6m

THE WHITE HOUSE.

OUR LONG-DELAYED DRESS GOODS ARE ON VIEW TO-DAY, AND IN CONSEQUENCE OF THEIR LATE ARRIVAL, WILL BE SOLD AT VERY LOW PRICES. THESE GOODS HAVING BEEN BOUGHT DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER, WE CAN SAVE YOU THE MIDDLE MAN'S PROFIT . . . . . .

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

APOSTLES OF PEACE.

Incidents of Their Arrival at the Henceforth Historic Town of Shimonoseki.

A War Correspondent's Impression of Venerable Li Hung Chang and His Magnetic Son.

(Correspondence New York Herald.)

SHIMONOSEKI, Japan, March 22.—Should a happy entente between Japan and China—vitally interesting 450,000,000 of people—be arrived at here, this little town of 30,000 inhabitants will be made famous and the "peace of Shimonoseki" will pass into history. Being in Hiroshima, the present seat of the Imperial government, I ran down here by steamer on Sunday last to catch a glimpse of the peace plenipotentiaries. I arrived at daylight on Monday morning. There is about this spot a wondrous suggestion of old Stamboul and the Bosphorus. The strait here is about a mile wide. The lapis lazuli shade of water; the soft, blue haze on the little mountains which on each side sweep gracefully down, the shipping, the sampans—so like the caique of the Turk—loaded with women in bright colors—all recall the Bosphorus. The sharp, dark volcanic range behind Shimonoseki is embellished with gray tombstones and on every jutty perches a temple, a shrine, or a pretty modern villa. The town is two miles long, and, with the exception of one spot, only about one hundred feet wide. Moji, the little town across the strait—the Scutari of the tableau—is an important shipping port and at present a vast depot for army supplies. There is no hotel in Shimonoseki, no foreign shops, and the foreigner is still an object of wonderment to children.

I found the town agog. The coming of the Chinese ambassador had filled the populace with such expectancy as the advent of the circus creates in one of our villages. The police were patrolling the water front in sampans, examining passports and turning back hundreds of Japanese who could give no good account of themselves. Little houses for the police and gendarmes had been erected at all important points and the government was showing in every department a keen sense of its responsibility in connection with the distinguished Chinese envoy. The police in the station opposite the little malodorous tea-house in which I lodged, finding that they could not keep me out of the town, determined to send away my native courier, but an appeal to a representative of the foreign office saved him.

About 9 o'clock a.m. two handsome steamships, one carrying the flag of the Viceroy Li and the other the flag of China at the fore, and both displaying the German flag at the stern, came slowly steaming through the narrow gate which opens into Shimonoseki straits. These vessels, belonging to a Chinese trading company, had been transferred to the Germans at the outbreak of the war for safety. It had been quite a while since the yellow colors of China had gleamed against the blue waters of this locality, and at the spectacle everybody whom the police could not beat back, flocked to the water side. The steamers, carrying to some extent the fate of the Chinese empire, dropped anchor on the Moji side and soon a despatch boat with some officials on board, went off to them. Anticipating the landing of Li Hung Chang every citizen in the town prepared for the sight and every house emptied its living contents into the narrow streets. The Frenchy-looking cavalrymen and the funny little policemen thumped and hammered, and the people pushed and trampled each other and jeered and joked in the good old way. The manner in which the sworded policemen fought the crowds suggested the idea that Captain Williams, while locating his mythical town lots out here, had paused long enough to teach his masterful art.

But Li Hung Chang did not leave his ship. Our Mr. John W. Foster, white-haired and bearded, and wearing an air of benignity which becometh an apostle of peace, came off in the afternoon and took a look at the pretty little modern frame house on the highest point in the town, which had been assigned to him, but this did not quite satisfy the gaping populace, keyed up to the Chinese object point.

Speaking of Mr. Foster's charming villa—known as Koyokau—at the top of a flight of a hundred stone steps, it should be said that the Japanese officials have behaved most kindly to these visitors. They furnished up and gave to them the only modern houses in the place, quartered the viceroy and his retinue in the old Buddhist temple, known as the Insetau-Ji, while Count Ito, Viscount Mutsu and their secretaries are lodged in plain little houses in humble quarters of the town. In this their Emperor sets them a good example, for he is living in Hiroshima in a plain house, the furnishings of which would do no credit to the average New York workman. He is semi-campaigning with his troops upon the theory set up by Napoleon's soldiers who sang on their way to Moscow: "Where can a father better be than in the midst of his family."

"On the afternoon of the 20th, Li Hung Chang came ashore to meet the Japanese plenipotentiaries. He was carried from the landing place to the Shimpan-Ro tea house, where the conference will be held in a gorgeous palanquin. Several thousand people were gathered about the landing place but they were very orderly. The meeting was a brief one and the Viceroy soon returned to his ship. Only the plenipotentiaries and their secretaries attend the conference. The business is carried on in English and is interpreted to Li Hung Chang, who speaks no word of English. On the morning of the 20th Li Hung Chang left his ship and took up his abode in the temple. I was near the entrance when he came, and I had a good view of him when he entered. He alighted from his chair with alacrity, walked erectly and without formality into his new home. No man of his stature ever carried 73 years with more ease. His entourage, I observed, was handsome and gorgeous. He seemed to have brought from China the best types of Chinamen he could lay his hands on. His adopted son, who is known as Lord Li and who is about 40 years of age, impressed me as one of the handsomest men I had ever seen in Asiatic garb. I subsequently met him, and I found him affable, bright and as jolly in his mood as if China had whipped Japan and he had come over to collect the bill therefor. He spoke English almost without foreign accent.

On the 20th I had a talk with Mr. Foster, who, as is well known, had done all he could to bring the war to an end, and who has been for some months a close and confidential adviser of Li Hung Chang. He said, and in this I know that he spoke the peace sentiments of the Viceroy:

"This war did not have the sanction of Li Hung Chang. He foresaw it several years ago and informed the Emperor that it was inevitable and that China was in no sense prepared. He begged for money to put China on a thorough war footing, but he could not get it. He had a strong party against him in Peking. He even had to fight enemies in the Imperial household. Japan forced matters and the war came upon China with unexpected suddenness. The war party has been all the time in Peking. Peace must be made here and now, or the war will go on indefinitely. There will be no more overtures from China. The strongholds of China have been taken and her navy seized or destroyed. She is anxious for peace. The demands of the Japanese must not be exorbitant, though. She will not pay one tael more than she is able to pay promptly and without constraint. She would be willing to indemnify Japan to the extent of paying all her war expenses. She will not accept oppressive or humiliating terms."

I said that I had not heard a less sum than 400,000,000 yen mentioned as the money indemnity.

"That would be greatly in excess of the war cost," said Mr. Foster. "The viceroy has full and complete powers and he can bring things to a conclusion here. He went to Peking and had three special interviews with the Emperor and the Empress Dowager. He would not come here without absolute authority and assurances that his enemies at home could not stab him when his back was turned. He is willing to make sacrifices, but he fears that Japan's disposition is greedy. I have great faith in the ability of his son, Lord Li, to bring about an understanding. He is a suave, magnetic person. As minister to Japan he studied the Japanese some years ago. He speaks their language and I think they like him. If we reach no conclusion here, the war will simply go on interminably. China has been seriously hurt and she cannot offer much resistance. To invade her now and ravage her vast territory will be only to force back the great, inert population and beget widespread misery. In the end nothing more will be gained by Japan than if she had beaten back the waves of the sea. China's deadliest wounds will heal, and as a nation she may be said to be indestructible. Such a war as Japan will carry on if negotiations fail here will be expensive. Where can she get the money to sustain herself if the war is to be one of vengeance, and she seeks only to conquer the unconquerable? China will look to the interference of the powers should the war become one of butchery.

"What is the sentiment of the Viceroy touching the surrender of territory?" I asked.

"The Viceroy comes here," said Mr Foster, "in the kindliest spirit. This will be the last great official act of his life—the greatest life that China has known in ages. I suppose the Japanese will want to retain Port Arthur. Li Hung Chang will sacrifice much, for he is anxious to terminate the war. His powers are Imperial."

I inferred from this response that the Viceroy would pay Japan handsomely, that he would give up Port Arthur au pis aller and break on the question of Formosa.

But we all know how M. Jules Favre, when he went forth to make the treaty with Germany in 1871, declared that not a French fortification nor an inch of French territory would be surrendered. And we know how he came back shorn. Apropos of Mr. Foster's remarks about Li Hung Chang's objection to the war, it must be said he had the handling of the entire Korean question out of which the war grew. Could he not have prevented it, or could he not by diplomatic dissembling have postponed it, despite Japan's eagerness? He had also full control of the great Ping Yang squadron and the 30,000 European drilled soldiers around Tientsin. What record did he make with them?

Through the courtesy of Mr. Foster I was presented to Li Hung Chang this morning. He agreed to receive me with the understanding that he could not be expected, as a peace ambassador, to discuss the war. Mr. Foster accompanied me, and as we walked to the Viceroy's residence, which sits at the foot of the eminence upon which Mr. Foster's house stands, I could not help thinking of the once great man—his country crushed and bleeding, coming to sue for mercy, sitting amid his ancient Buddhistic surroundings—in the language of Richelieu to his king: "For justice, sire, all places a temple and all seasons summer." As we approached the old temple, the morning being deliciously bright and elevating, we found a number of Chinese gentlemen strolling about under the great umbrageous pines of the front garden, where the Japanese kurumaya waited with their little carriages to serve them and where the police from the improvised station at the entrance kept back the crowds of curious children. It could not be said of these Mongol courtiers as of the "poor exile of Erin," that they sighed for their country, for they looked bright and cheerful. Many of them carried large branches of cherry blossoms instead of the proverbial olive branch. Poor fellows, perhaps they did beguile the things they were by seeming otherwise! We entered the temple which the Japanese carpenters had hurriedly partitioned into rooms and the decorators had done their best to brighten up, and were shown into a combination reception and dining room. Mr. Wu-Ting-Fang, the viceroy's special interpreter and some members of the suite, who spoke English, received us. They were all complaining of the chilliness of the quarters. After a brief wait the distinguished statesman—the Bismarck of Asia—walked into the room with the pleasing informality and bonhommie of an Ohio farmer. He shook hands with me in a cordial way, and as I looked up into his heavy, Tartar-like face and felt his grip, I realized his massiveness, he dropped comfortably into a chair on the opposite side of the table from me. He wore a pair of old fashioned spectacles which had known much service and looked long, and I thought, rather penetratively at me. He wore a heavy Chinese coat of brownish hue with fur collar and cuffs, and there was a general indifference about his after-breakfast attire. His black silk cap with red top-knot was well pulled down and there were no signs of gray hair beyond his straggly moustache and his famous, long imperial, now reduced to something like fifty gray threads. In the front of his cap there was set a diamond as large as a filbert, of rare radiance, worth, I should say, as much as a mandarin's ransom. When he opened his mouth his teeth betrayed his age. He smoked a cigarette from a plain meerchaum holder and dropped the ashes on himself with the carelessness common to elderly members of the bar. His vigor was pleasing to behold. Nobody ever interviews Li Hung Chang on leading issues. He does the interviewing, and his fertility in devising questions is that of the inquiring schoolboy.

Count Ito, who is carrying Japan very largely upon his shoulders now and who is the very incarnation of war, is a native of this province of Nahato. In his hot youth he was a wild hater of foreigners and a follower of the fierce Prince Choshu. With Count Inoyue he plotted for a war against foreigners in Japan, but a visit to England as a sailor before the mast convinced him of the fighting capacity of the western world and deflected him. Viscount Mutsu, who is here with him as a peace plenipotentiary, served five years in prison for political offenses. These men are naturally proud of their position to-day and are, I really believe, the hope of the Mikado's empire.

THAT HACK STAND.

Hackmen's Delegates Ask That the Stand Be Not Moved From Government Street.

The hackmen's delegates and the city council had a conference on the hack question yesterday afternoon. All the council except Ald. Wilson were present, the hackmen being represented by Messrs. A. Henderson, R. Bray, John Bartlett, Charles Minckler, Charles Marston and J. A. McDowell, secretary of the meeting of hackmen held the night before.

Mayor Teague in introducing the subject said that as it was apparently the general opinion of citizens that the hack stand should be moved from Government street, the city council desired to get the opinions of both sides, and so had invited the hackmen to give their views.

"What is the charge against the hackmen?" was asked by Mr. Bartlett.

The Mayor replied that there were no charges, but the people complained that there was not room on Government street for the stand and that it was a nuisance, particularly in the summer months.

In reply Mr. Bartlett maintained that there was no offensive smell since the streets had been properly cleaned. The hackmen paid a special tax of $6 a year and should have some consideration shown them. Government street was the best street for the hack business and to move the hacks to streets where there was no traffic would in a measure, at least, deprive them of their livelihood. However, if they were to be moved they should be placed on the nearest streets. Some of the cries against hackmen were due to spite. He was sure there was plenty of space for the hacks where they now are.

Mr. Henderson did not think there was any very strong feeling against the hacks standing on Government street. He suggested that if the council thought the streets were too crowded the hacks might be placed further apart. He took the same view as Mr. Bartlett, that since the streets had been kept clean the stand was not objectionable.

Other members of the deputation spoke in a similar strain, and Mr. Henderson thought the council should wait for a petition from citizens before taking action.

Ald. Macmillan explained that the meeting was not to settle the question but only to hear what the hackmen had to say. The deputation having expressed their views retired.

SCHOOLBOY KNOWLEDGE.

Some of the Funny Blunders of Which Pupils Are Capable.

The roll of our naval heroes is still increasing, for a schoolteacher has recently learned from her pupils that "Shakespeare became a French and Milton a Dutch admiral." Mussulmans, however, was not, of course, "the name given to French soldiers," nor does suffrage mean "hunger," though sometimes it is not remotely connected with thirst.

There is something solemn in the statement that "Becket—his grave was made a pilgrim," and a false etymology possibly suggested that "guerrillas were men who saw to the guillotine," and that Doomsday Book was so called "because it was to last till the crack of doom." And, lastly, here are the two most recent contributions to general history: "Nelson lived in the reign of Victoria and defeated the French under Blucher at Waterloo," and, again, "the battle of Trafalgar was fought at Waterloo, when Napoleon commanded the Prussians and Nelson was shot for going on deck." In geography also the answers are somewhat at variance with preconceived notions. It appears that "Derby is noted for races, Sheffield for Sheffield ponies and Bolton for its abbey." Honolulu is "a palace in the capital of Spain" and Helvellyn "a large volcano in Scotland." A crater is "a straight line which is very hot," and the chief foods of India are "tea, coffee, rice and raw silk." Possibly few people know what dikes are. It is this way: "When a country is below the sea, dikes are big sticks to hold up the water." We are glad to know, on one authority, that "the Albert Nyanza is so called because it was discovered by Prince Albert," but it suggests painful thoughts to be informed that "Livingstone went on exploring till his boots were quite worn out." There is, however, a certain element of truth in the statement that "Panama is noted for yellow mud, which sticks to the fingers of those who make it."

The English language itself is a fertile source of error. Such spellings as "bearheaded" are not uncommon. The masculine of goose is duck, and the feminine of horse is cow. The plural of lady is gentleman, and the masculine of vixen is brute. Abstract nouns are "things you cannot see, such as gas and thunder," or—as one boy put it with a delicate vein of irony—"a thing you cannot feel—namely, conscience."—Providence Journal.

The Origin of Point Lace.

A little known example of inventive genius in woman is that afforded by Barbara Uttman of Saxony and her point lace so long in fashionable use all over the world. She invented the process and apparatus for manufacturing this beautiful handiwork, which has since given employment to millions of operators, and which, in its line, has never been excelled. The apparatus looks like a long pincushion bristling with pins arranged to outline the pattern or design. The operator manages from 10 to 50 peculiar spools, allowing the thread to feed over the pins alternately until the design is completed. The spools or bobbins are purposely of different colors, so as to be easily distinguishable. The process is slow and difficult to learn. Miss Uttman founded schools, where thousands learned it. Since her time, when inventive ability was rare, even among men, her ideas have been incorporated in the construction of machinery by which the lace is produced at wonderful lower rates, and yet Barbara Uttman's lace still surpasses all.—London Lady.

Pure blood is absolutely necessary in order to enjoy perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and strengthens the system.

A fine assortment of Easter cards at Hibben's. *

Easter cards and booklets at Hibben & Co.'s. *

TENDERS

ESTATE OF MUNROE MILLER.

Tenders will be received up to noon the 22nd inst., for the purchase of the printing and book binding business and the good will thereof as a going concern subject to the mortgage thereon.

Full particulars can be had on application to the undersigned.

THOS. T. HULL, Assignee,
ap9-12th 58 Broad Street, Victoria.

NOTICE.

Separate Tenders

will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, 1st day of April next, for supplying Coal and Wood to the Corporation for city purposes.

Forms of tender may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., March 23, 1895. mr24

PROPOSALS FOR THE PURCHASE OF the U. S. C. & G. Survey steamer "Hassler." Treasury Department, U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, Washington, D.C., April 1st, 1895. Sealed proposals will be received by the Commanding Officer of the U. S. C. & G. Survey steamer "Hassler," Tacoma, Washington, until 12 m on Thursday, April 25, 1895, at which time and place they will be opened, for the purchase of said steamer together with her masts, spars, sails, rigging and certain other articles of equipment which it is deemed for the best interest of the United States to sell. The vessel is now lying at Tacoma, Washington. She will be sold for cash to the highest acceptable bidder and this office reserves the right to reject any or all proposals. Proposals must be submitted in a sealed envelope addressed to the Commanding Officer of the U. S. C. & G. Survey steamer "Hassler," Tacoma, Washington, and endorsed "Proposal for the purchase of the Hassler." Each bid or proposal must be accompanied by a deposit in cash (or satisfactory certified check payable to the order of the Superintendent of the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey) of not less than ten per cent. of the amount of the offer or proposal, and the remaining ninety per cent. must be paid upon the delivery of the vessel. In case default is made in the payment of the remaining ninety per cent or any part thereof, said cash deposit of ten per cent. shall be considered as forfeited to the Government. All deposits of bidders whose proposals shall not be accepted will be returned to them within seven days after the opening of the proposals. On application to the Commanding Officer of the vessel forms of bids and a general description of the vessel, together with an inventory of such articles of equipment, not specifically mentioned herein, as will be sold, will be furnished. The vessel can be examined by applying to the Commanding Officer, who will furnish any further information and particulars. Possession of the vessel must be accepted within seven days of the acceptance of any bid. W. W. DUFFIELD, Superintendent. ap9-2t

No. 144.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF A FOREIGN COMPANY.

"COMPANIES' ACT," PART IV.

"The Cariboo Gold Fields, Limited" (Foreign).

Registered the 26th day of March, 1895.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have this day registered "The Cariboo Gold fields, Limited" (Foreign), under the "Companies' Act, Part IV., Registration of Foreign Companies," and amending acts.

The head office of the said Company is situated in England.

The objects for which the Company is established are:

(1.) To adopt and carry into effect, with or without modification, an agreement dated the 21st day of November, 1894, and made between the Whittier Gold Concessions, Limited, of the one part, and William Wigzell Edwood, on behalf of the Company, of the other part:

(2.) To acquire from any Sovereign, State or authority, supreme, local or otherwise, any concessions, grants, decrees, rights or privileges whatsoever which may seem to the Company capable of being turned to account, and to work, develop, carry out, exercise, and turn to account the same:

(3.) To purchase or otherwise acquire, sell, exchange, deal in, and turn to account property and rights of all kinds, and in particular lands, buildings, mines, mining rights, water rights, concessions, patents, licenses, and business concerns and undertakings:

(4.) To carry on the business of miners and metallurgists and in particular to search for, win, get, mine, quarry, crush, smelt, wash, roast, dress, refine, prepare for market, buy, sell, and deal in ores, minerals, and metallic substances and compounds of all kinds:

(5.) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, rights and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property or rights suitable for the purpose of this Company:

(6.) To construct, carry out and maintain, work, manage or control works and conveniences of all kinds, both public and private, in particular roads, ditches, flumes, ground-sluices, tunnels, shafts, stamping or smelting works, warehouses, electric and other lighting works, stores and other buildings:

(7.) To purchase or hire wagons, engines and other plant and machinery of every description which may, directly or indirectly, be conducive to any of the Company's objects, and to contribute to and take part in the construction, working, maintaining and managing of any such works and conveniences:

(8.) To enter into partnership, or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, amalgamation, or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on, or about to carry on or engage in, any business which this Company is authorized to carry on, or any business or transaction which may seem capable of being carried on or conducted so as, directly or indirectly, to benefit this Company, with power to accept shares (either wholly or partly paid up) or debentures in other companies as consideration for the above, and to hold, sell or otherwise dispose of such shares and debentures, as may be deemed fit:

(9.) To receive money on deposit, at interest or otherwise, and to lend money, and in particular to customers of and persons having dealings with the Company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by members of or persons having dealings with the Company,

(10.) To borrow, or raise, or secure the payment of money in such manner as the Company shall think fit, and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture stock, perpetual or otherwise, charged upon all or any of the Company's property (both present and future, including its uncalled capital:

(11.) To draw, make, accept, indorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments:

(12.) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in or upon such securities, and in such manner as may from time to time be determined:

(13.) To sell the undertaking of the Company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company, and upon any such sale to divide the net produce thereof, or of part thereof, whether in cash, shares, or debentures, as the Company may determine ratably amongst the members of the Company:

(14.) To exercise and obtain the benefit of the powers contained in and conferred by "The Companies' Seals Act, 1864":

(15.) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, and as principals, agents, contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others:

(16.) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The capital stock of the said Company is one hundred thousand pounds sterling, divided into one hundred thousand shares of one pound each.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 26th day of March, 1895.

[L.S.] S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.
ap10-1m

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes.—All cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 30 minutes and quickly cured, by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold in Victoria by D. E. Campbell.

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 24,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, April 5th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

No. 1 Pass. Daily.	No. 3 Pass. Fri., Sat., Su	SOUTH BOUND—READ UP	STATIONS.	No. 2 Pass. Daily	No. 4 Pass. Fri., Sat., Su	NORTH BOUND—READ DOWN
Ar. 12.20 pm	Ar. 8.30 pm		Victoria	78	Lv. 4.50 pm	Lv. 8.00 am
" 12.16	" 8.55		Russell's	77	" 5.03	" 8.04
" 12.06	" 8.18		Esquimalt	74	" 5.13	" 8.14
" 12.03	" 8.15		St. Mark's	73	" 5.16	" 8.17
" 12.00	" 8.12		Parson's Bridge	72	" 5.19	" 8.20
" 11.53	" 8.06		Langford	70	" 5.25	" 8.27
" 11.43	" 7.57		Goldstream	67	" 5.32	" 8.37
" 11.15	" 7.30		Summit Siding	58	" 5.52	" 9.05
" 10.50	" 7.10		Shawnigan Lake	50	" 6.14	" 9.30
" 10.40	" 7.02		Cobble Hill	47	" 6.22	" 9.40
" 10.25	" 6.53		McPherson's	43	" 6.31	" 9.53
" 10.15	" 6.46		Koksilah	39	" 6.38	" 10.05
" 10.10	" 6.42		Duncan's	35	" 6.42	" 10.10
" 10.00	" 6.35		Tzouhalem	31	" 6.50	" 10.20
" 9.53	" 6.28		Westholme	29	" 6.58	" 10.27
" 9.38	" 6.15		Chemainus	26	" 7.08	" 10.42
" 9.20	" 5.57		Oyster Bay Siding	19	" 7.26	" 11.00
" 9.11	" 5.48		Oyster Bay	16	" 7.35	" 11.09
" 8.40	" 5.15		Nanaimo	6	" 8.08	" 11.40
Dp. 8.20 am	Dp. 5.00 pm		Wellington	78	Ar. 8.25	Ar. 12.00 n'n

On Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

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H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt.
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Coast line train, north bound, leaves Seattle 9.15 a.m.

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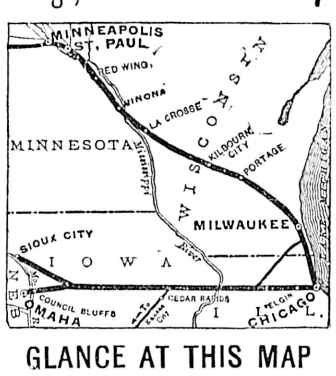
On Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through to Nelson, arriving at 5:40 p.m. making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kalso and all lake points, arriving at Kalso at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane same days

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays. jal

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.



GLANCE AT THIS MAP

Of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway and note its connections with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, and remember when going east that its trains are lighted with electricity and heated by steam. Its equipment is superb. Elegant Buffet, Library, Smoking, and Sleeping cars, with free reclining chairs. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp, and its dining cars are the best in the world. Some other lines are longer than this, but none are shorter, and no other offers the above luxurious accommodations. These are sufficient reasons for the popularity of "The Milwaukee." Coupon ticket agents in every railroad office will give you further information, or address

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IF YOU ARE GOING EAST TAKE THE CANADIAN AND SOO PACIFIC ROUTE. . .

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE —TO— Minneapolis, St. Paul, Omaha, Kansas City, Toronto, Chicago and Montreal.

Running Through Sleepers and Upholstered Tourist Cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.

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THROUGH TICKETS

To and From all European points.

FROM HALIFAX.

Allan Line	Numidian	Apr 27
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Dominion Line	Vancouver	Apr 20
"	Oregon	May 4

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line	Lucania	Apr 20
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"	Adriatic	May 1
"	Teutonic	May 8
North Ger. Lloyd	Lahn	Apr 23
"	Fulda	Apr 27
"	Trave	Apr 30
American Line	Berlin	Apr 24
"	New York	May 1
"	Paris	May 8
Anchor Line	Anchoria	Apr 20
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"	Furnessia	May 4
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"	Pennland	Apr 27
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GEO. L. COURTNEY,
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Cunard, White Star, American, Allan, French Line, Hamburg-American, North German Lloyd Dominion,

And all other first-class Atlantic Steamship Lines. Through Tickets to or from all European Points at lowest rates. Berths reserved in advance by telegraph. Orders for passages from Europe at special rates. For dates of sailing and rates apply to

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,
AGENTS. mr13

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RUNS Pullman Sleeping Cars, Elegant Dining Cars, Tourist Sleeping Cars

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THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

Speed 18 knots		VICTORIA ROUTE. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON"		Tonnage 1117.
8.30 pm	M	Lv *...Victoria.... Ar	110	4.30 pm
11.45 pm	38	. Port Townsend .	72	1.30 pm
3.00 am	82	..... Seattle.....	28	10.15 am
4.45 am	110	Ar. *...Tacoma.....Lv	M	8.00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent Victoria, B. C.
A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pas. Agent, 255 Morrison St., cor. Third St., Portland, Or.
ap2

BY WAY OF MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL AND OVER The North-Western Line

Is the best route in every respect to CHICAGO and all points East, KANSAS CITY, OMAHA, SIOUX CITY and all points South. Direct connections in Union Depots. Vestibuled Trains. Compartment Buffet, Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars on every train. All ticket agents can sell you to your destination over "The North-Western Line."

F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent Seattle.
fal9

FOR SUNNY WEATHER

BEWILDERING ARRAY OF FEMININE FINERY FOR EASTER.

Bonnets That Cost From Ten to Seventy-five Dollars—Flowers and Spangles Used on Everything—First Communion Dresses—Elaborate Chiffon Parasols.

[Copyright, 1895, by American Press Association.]

I think no person having the love of humanity at heart could blame the woman whose soul longs for an unattainable bonnet. Just think what it must mean to a woman, who, just because she is a woman, loves all beautiful things, to see such bonnets and hats as are displayed in the windows and know that she cannot buy even one. She sees a dainty dream of beauty and men-

EASTER BONNETS.

tally sets that above her curls, and imagines herself in it, but reality shows her her pinched face under the shabby thing of two seasons ago. It is cruel, and I wish some one would start a society to provide women with spring bonnets free of cost, or at least at a price making one a possibility. The bonnets are so little and the trimming is so small that it takes a new kind of arithmetic to find out how the price can be so large for so small an article. Ten to $75 is the cost of a mite of a bonnet, the price largely depending upon where it is bought. If on Sixth avenue or Fourteenth street, where competition is sharp, a bonnet sells at its minimum. If it is bought at one of the semiprivate swell houses up town on Fifth avenue or Broadway the maximum is reached.

Today and yesterday and the day before I gave up entirely to bonnets, and my eyes are dazzled with their beauties. There are lovely wide brimmed flats in leghorn and fine French chip. These will run a close race with the sunburnt rough straws. These have the brims turned up on one side, and nearly all of the hats have the crowns in the beef eater shape—that is to say, the upper part is larger around than the lower. There are some "sunburnt" straws, with fluted borders of lace straw. I saw some of these in black also. They are very light and appear becoming. The soft flats are turned up at both sides and bent down in front and have masses of flowers on each side. One very elegant one had quantities of pink oleanders and their foliage on each side, drooping down quite low over the hair. In the front there were two crushed bows of velvet, one cherry color and one white. The hat was of gray chip.

The sailor shape for young people is still a favorite, and there is a great variety of straws with brims generally recalling the sailor form, but yet each showing some slight difference.

In bonnets the variety is even greater. The straw shapes are no larger than doll hats, and the crowns are often of the most pronounced beef eater form. To these are affixed the trimmings. These may be flowers in springtime abundance, or they may be ribbon, feathers, velvet or lace with spangles. Spangles, by the way, are seen everywhere. The most usual manner of using them is to sew them to net foundations, in the form of butterflies, humming birds' wings, dragon flies or such fancies. These are spread out widely and rather low than high. Osprey aigrets are employed to add lightness and feathery grace to almost all bonnets. The spangles are in jet and metallic and enamel colors, some of them being very brilliant and all beautiful.

One lovely bonnet was of rough sunburnt straw with a puffed drapery of coral velvet in front and around the edges. On each side there were two butterfly wings of white net covered with burnished copper spangles. Above these stood two black aigrets with black jet frosting on them. The whole bonnet

COMMUNION GOWNS.

was a model. Such a bonnet could be worn with equal propriety by a young or an old woman. The old one would probably add strings.

Today I saw some very pretty first communion dresses, and as it will not be long from now until the day when the streets will be full of sweet young girls walking along with solemn steps and downcast eyes I will tell of a few that mothers may make up during these peaceful days. The Episcopal church ceremony of confirmation does not allow of a veil, but the Roman Catholic one does. The sisters of the nearest convent provide the wreaths and veils at a fair cost, and it is said to be obligatory for parents to buy the wreath and veil of them for the young communicants. These veils are of tulle or simple tarlatan, and they are fastened to the wreath much like a bridal veil. The Episcopalians wear white hats with flowers or plain wreaths without veils. The gowns are always white. This season the crepon craze has reached even here, and we find dainty and demure little frocks of white crepon and also of white nun's veiling. Fayetta silk makes a beautiful dress which can be utilized later for other purposes. One gown was of white serge, fine and close. This reached to the ground all around and had two rows of white lace insertion around the skirt. The waist was full and made with a yoke outlined with lace insertion and a pinking of white taffeta. There was a wide sash of white taffeta glace, and a little white silk chatelaine hung by narrow ribbons. The sleeves had drooping puffs and insertion sewed around the forearms of the sleeves. White gloves are worn.

Another very tasteful communion frock had the full waist and sleeves of white silk tissue over taffeta. There was a double gauffering at the yoke. The yoke had cross bars of white ribbon laid over white book muslin. The sleeves were puffed up and fell in double jabot folds and there was a frill of the silk muslin plainly hemmed below the ribbon belt. This fastened under a double shirring of the waist material. The skirt was made of white nun's veiling with a deep hemstitched hem at the bottom, and no other trimming. The skirt was straight and gathered all around. At the throat there was a stock with a large butterfly bow in the front. With this there is a wreath of valley lilies and a tulle veil, but it is not obligatory. Following these two designs, with any of the suitable materials it ought to be easy to evolve dainty gowns for the young girls.

The new parasols are draped with chiffon and silk crepons just as full as the top will accommodate. I saw two exquisite ones today of cream white chiffon draped over white taffeta. At the top and extending downward were points of painted flowers in delicate tints. The black parasols, which are made of silk crape, are very showy. The edges are always smooth and guiltless of ruffles or fringe. One or two of these had a few painted blossoms put on with a sparing hand. Dresses are also hand painted now.

HENRIETTE ROUSSEAU.

A Japanese Matchsafe.

Japanese decorations are in great demand and are really very excellent things. They are quaint and amusing in themselves, yet by some subtle qual-

ity of the orient they seem to belong with everything else and never to be obtrusive or inharmonious.

The simple little matchsafe shown is extremely easy to make and very useful at the same time, as it can either be put to its legitimate use or made to contain hairpins, as you may prefer.

At any of the shops devoted to oriental goods purchase a fan of the sort illustrated, a tiny dressed doll and a round wicker basket. With these and a little patience you can do all the work. First cut a strip of cardboard big enough to sustain the doll and about half an inch wider than you wish it to appear. Then cut a slit in your fan near the lower edge, pass the cardboard through it for the extra half inch, bend it down and paste it firmly into place.

When so much is done and the stand is quite firm, place the doll upon it and sew it fast to the fan by stitches taken though the back. Arrange the basket against the fan at just such a point as will allow the doll's hand to rest upon its edge and catch it in by means of stitches taken through the fan.

Lastly, attach a ribbon to the upper edge by which to hang the fan upon the wall and fill the basket with matches or with hairpins, as you choose.

CLARE BUNCE.

By a Woman For Women.

Mrs. Emma D. Mills of New York has prepared a valuable book of typewriter forms. There are forms for letters, forms for business transactions and also for legal correspondence and documents. Aided by this book, a typewriter will not be at loss how to word any matter that she is called on to prepare. Mrs. Mills consulted lawyers to make sure that the legal and commercial forms were correct. The book also contains valuable tables for reference. The utility of such a work is so great that the wonder is nobody ever prepared it before. Mrs. Mills is her own publisher.

Governor Budd of California, that good friend of woman, has appointed Mrs. Eulalia A. Wilson a trustee of state normal school at San Jose.

BOOTS HAVE HAD THEIR DAY.

The Trade Badly Affected by the Increased Wear of Shoes.

The diminished use of boots is a matter of concern to the manufacturers of them and to the producers of heavy leather and heavy calfskins. Twenty years ago the calf boot industry was a leading one in New England.

Whole towns were studded with factories which produced calf boots exclusively. For a decade the sale has been gradually falling off, and today it is of hardly any importance.

A few manufacturers of shoes include boots as a specialty, but the demand is too light to amount to much. When calf boots were more in vogue, manufacturers consulted the partialities of the cowboys, to whom price was a secondary consideration.

The legs were frequently corded with silk stitching. The star and crescent and other fanciful ornamentations were inlaid on the legs of the boots. The soles were inlaid with copper, zinc and brass nails. The cowboys no longer pay $15 or $20 for a pair of boots. They want substance instead of show. But they were not the only wearers of calf boots. They were extensively worn. Many men prefer them today, though the number is growing less. The old fashioned stoga boots were formerly sold in large quantities. They are well nigh obsolete. There followed a demand for a lighter and more stylish article. A kip boot of lighter texture was produced about equal in appearance to the best calf boot, but this, too, has fallen somewhat into disuse. Where there were 20 factories producing boots exclusively, there is now but one. Even the farmers are using heavy shoes instead of boots, and if it becomes a necessity to wear long legged boots they buy rubbers.

Twenty years ago the entire product of Salem and Peabody was heavy boots and brogan leather. Today there are less than half a dozen tanners making it. Brogans and plowshares are indispensable in many sections of country, but there are comparatively few exclusive manufacturers of these now.

The Creedmore, Dom Pedro, English ties and creole congress are supplanting them. The decline in the consumption of calf boots affects the tanners of calfskins. It is a question what is to be done with heavy skins. The tanners must necessarily buy more or less of them. They cannot select light and medium weights exclusively, and if they tan them they feel no certainty of being able to dispose of them in the finished state. There is nevertheless a use in this world for whatever is good for anything, and there will be some way of disposing of heavy calfskins, though for the moment it appears difficult to point out the direction into which they will be moved.—Shoe and Leather Reporter.

Fight Between Bull and Alligator.

I heard an interesting story of a fight between an alligator and a big bull on the shores of Lake Okeechobee. Alligators are quite numerous in that lake, and it is little visited by white men, though Seminole Indians fish and hunt there. Herds of cattle roam about through that section of the state, and the bull in question belonged to one of these herds. It was drinking at a small inlet on this lake when its nose was caught by an alligator. The bull managed to free itself by pulling the 'gator partly out of the water. It then lowered its horns and caught the 'gator, throwing it on the bank. When the bull made another attack, the alligator struck the bull with its tail and severely hurt it. The bull managed to tear a hole in the abdomen or soft spot of the 'gator, but on another charge the 'gator broke one of the legs of the bull by a blow from its tail. This disabled the bull, and the 'gator managed to break another leg in the same way, but the saurian soon bled to death, and the bull, when found with its two broken legs, had to be shot.—Florida Letter.

Some Explanations of the Ocean's Salt.

The Pythagoreans held that the sea was salt by reason of the tears shed by Kronos, father of Zeus. According to the old Hebraic tradition, the ocean was originally a great body of fresh water, but which was made salt by the abundant tears of the fallen angels. One sect of Buddhists believe that Lot's wife—that is to say, the "pillar of salt" which was once the wife of the humble gentleman named above—lies at the bottom of the ocean in a certain narrow strait, and that once each year the waters of all oceans flow through that narrow channel. The Talmudic writers say that it was never salt until Moses wept repentance after breaking the tables of stone.—St. Louis Republic.

Votes Not Worth Having.

Some people's notions of Hodge's ideas of politics are illustrated by the soliloquy of a laborer on his way to the poll: "Yes, yes, Gladstone was a great man, but I main think he was too cute for us poor folk. When wotes was worth a fi'pun note, he kep un all to hisself, and now, when they ain't wuth a farden, we all has un! Ah, he was main too clever for us!" So he marches in and votes for the squire.—London Star.

Avoided the Subject.

Winks—Did McKick have much to say on the subject of railroad monopoly while you were there?

Minks—Well, no. You see, just after I called, a cartman drove up with a box for him. The railroad freight on it for 100 miles was a quarter; the cartman's charge for hauling it six blocks was 50 cents.—New York Weekly.

"Scots, Wha Hae," was by Burns. It was written on a dark day while the author was on a journey. The tune is "Hey Tuttie Taittie," an old march that is said by tradition to have animated Bruce's men at Bannockburn.

Many towns in Europe have local holidays commemorative of some important event in their history.

-THE 20th PART-

The last and greatest part of "MASTERPIECES FROM THE ART GALLERIES OF THE WORLD" is issued to-day.

This set of Portfolios, the best and most artistic of all offered to the public, should be in the houses and on the tables of all our readers.

The small cost, TEN CENTS a part, or Two DOLLARS for the

300 GREATEST PICTURES IN THE WORLD

should induce every head of a household to provide his people with this highly educational, artistic and satisfactory work.

FOR A FEW DAYS

we will supply our readers with back numbers, as well as the current part on presentation of the Coupon and Ten Cents for each part required.

If you have not already secured the back numbers send Two Dollars and receive the whole set at once, complete.

THE WEEKLY

THE GREAT CONSERVATIVE WEEKLY.

MAIL-EMPIRE

OF TORONTO, ONT.

3 MONTHS

FOR 10 CENTS.

All desirous of becoming posted on the Political Situation, as given in the columns of the Leading Organ of the Conservative Party, can have the same sent to their address for three months by sending or leaving Ten Cents at this office.

This offer is only open for a limited period, and all desirous of taking advantage of it must do so at once.

FOR THE TEETH & BREATH.
J. TEABERRY.
PRICE 25¢
ZOPESA CHEMICAL CO. TORONTO.

PUBLIC NOTICE:

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1,000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,

133 Government Street.
Private entrance on Pandora Street. oct8

MONEY TO LOAN

On security of Improved Real Estate.

ARTHUR ROBERTSON,

fo15 No. 6 Bastion Square.

GEO. A. SARGISON

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent

48 LANGLEY ST.

STEAMERS AND SHIPS

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m.

Umatilla - - - - April 13

R. P. RITHET & CO.
mch26 Agents.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN L. P. LOCKE, MASTER.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

The Steamer JOAN will sail as follows, calling at Way Ports as Freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street. fe8

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE

BR. SHIP AIGBURTH
From Liverpool,
—Captain T. Jones.—

This vessel will discharge cargo at our Outer Wharf, on Monday, April 8th, and following days.

Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight and receive orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the Wharf after 5 o'clock each day and while on the Wharf, will be at the risk of the Consignees thereof respectively, and may be stored at their expense.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.,
ap7 Agents.

C.P. Navigation Co., Limited.

TIME TABLE NO. 26

Takes effect March 1, 1895.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13.15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.
For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13.15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, Jan. 1st, 1895.

VICTORIA WATER WORKS.

The attention of the public generally, and PLUMBERS IN PARTICULAR is called to Section 16 of the "Corporation of Victoria Water Works Act, 1873," which reads as follows: "If any person or persons shall lay or cause to be laid any pipe or main to communicate with any pipe or main of the said water works, or in any way obtain or use any water thereof without the consent of the Commissioner, he or they shall forfeit or pay to the said Commissioner, for water works purposes, the sum of FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, and also a further sum of five dollars for each day such pipe or main shall so remain, which said sum, together with the costs of suit in that behalf, may be recovered by civil action in any court of law in the Province of British Columbia having civil jurisdiction to that amount."

The provisions of the above Section will for the future be strictly carried out.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.
City Hall, 11th March, 1895. mr12

$50 REWARD.

The above-mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other building in the City of Victoria; or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto; or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises; or defacing or injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
Victoria, March 20, 1895. mr21

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Notice is hereby given that from and after THURSDAY, the 11th instant, the hours for keeping the Public Library open will be from 11 a.m. to 12 noon, from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m., and from 6 p.m. to 9 p.m., each day of the week, Sundays excepted. By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
Victoria, B.C.
April 2nd., 1895. ap3

Corporation of Victoria.

From and after this date the undersigned will not accept any orders for monies due by the employees of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

CHAS. KENT,
Treasurer.
March 5th, 1895. mr6-1m

THE UNEMPLOYED.

In order that the unemployed may have a chance of utilizing idle land in the outskirts of the city for cultivation for the purpose of raising food for themselves and families, I shall be pleased to confer with parties who are willing to grant free use of such lands for the season. Those willing to assist in this good work will please leave their address and particulars at the City Clerk's office.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.
Victoria, B.C., March 14th, 1895 mr15

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, April 11, 1895.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a. m..	40°	Mean 46°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m..	58°		
9 a. m..	46°	Highest 56°	5 a.m.—4 N.
1 p. m..	54		1 p.m.—Calm.
5 p. m..	54°	Lowest 36°	9 p.m.—Calm.
9 p. m..	48°		Rain—.00

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Sunshine—6 hr. 24 min.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—A W Thompson, R Menaugh, J W Casey and M Millington.

Per Str CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—F Snow, Mrs Stevens, G o K Benton, W Toppon, Wm Day and two sons, C A Richardson, Jno Boyd, Mrs M Newman, Miss Holt, C Rice, Robt Beaven, Thos Wallace, Capt Langley, J R Row'an, J Mercer.

Per Steamer LOUISE, from Vancouver—Mrs W M Robson, Miss Lawson, Miss Crockford, C R Long, C A Pearse, J Curry, W Galbraith, S Hemans, A F Fawcett, J Matthews, J Georgeson, W Cook, B Thynne, Geo Purcell, J Olsen.

Per Steamer CHARMER from Vancouver—Chief Justice Davie, Mrs Cook, Pilot Thompson, C J Loewen, W E Oliver, Geo Wallace, E E Evans, H Keefer, A Haslam, Miss McGillvary, Miss H McGillvary, F Lemier, C Millard, F Powell, F M Yorke, W C Russell, T I Hull, C H Newman, Capt Woolley, J C Tate, J E Crane, J Lukov, Jas McDonald.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—C P N Co, R B Oxley, P T Johnston, McMillan & Hamilton, and B & K Milling Co.

Per Str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—Arthur Holmes, Jas Mitchell, T N Hibben & Co, W N C, W H Adams, Langley & Co, W W Day, S Leiser, Vale & Brooks, Jno Betzold, S Leiser, J H Warner, Bank of B C, A & W Wilson, G F Langley, Wells Fargo & Co, A G Wooton, J G Clute, Nicholles & R, A Dick, Hong Lee, H saunders and T R Cork.

Per Steamer LOUISE, from Vancouver—John Parker J Jones, Pither & Leiser D K Chungranis, D Dove, R Tayrik, Spratt & McAulay, B C Cattle Co, Nicholles & Renou', J Tollick, L Godacre, R J Matthews, L Goodacre, G A Knight, Lenz & Leiser, J Caulpeter, R Munro, R I Cany N W Produce Co, Turner Beeton & Co, Allan Stevens, J Goffer, C Pearse.

Per Steamer CHARMER from Vancouver—Shore & Anderson, R P Rithet, Order E A Morris, H B Co, Lenz & Leiser, D Spencer, Turner B & Co, Naval S Keeper, T C Davidge, Order, J H Todd, Ames Holden Co, K Mikouni, Col Ind Rev, R Maynard, Langley & Co, Rev J C Spencer, R J Nott, Chas Godson, Weiler Bros, Chas Russell, C E Jones, E Wall & Co, Hip Lung, J s McDonald, J Colbert, J Wille, Ramsay Bros Small & Pidduck, S Duck & Co, T R Stewart, Vic Elec Co, W Bowness, W Gough, W P Jaynes, Wong Cheong, Dom Exp Co.

A DRUGGIST'S QUALIFICATION

Can never be measured by gold in any form. His record as a careful and conscientious dispenser is always a trustworthy guide as to his abilities. Our steadily increasing prescription business indicates beyond question that our qualifications are indisputable.

C. E. JONES, 36 GOVERNMENT ST. ALWAYS OPEN

PERSONAL.

A. Haslam, M.P., Nanaimo, is at the Driard.

A R Johnston, Nanaimo, is registered at the New England.

W. J. and Mrs. Macaulay are paying Puget Sound a visit.

Captain C. P. Wolley returned from the Mainland last evening.

Henry Croft, ex-M.P.P., is paying Grace Harbor a business visit.

Hon. Robert Beaven returned last evening from a brief visit to Seattle.

C. J. Loewen, of Vancouver, is spending the Easter vacation in the capital.

J. W. Casey, of the C.M. & St.P.R.R., was in the city for a few hours yesterday.

Wm. Jameson, Vancouver, and Frank Powell, Langley, are at the Hotel Victoria.

C. St. A. Pearse was among the passengers to Victoria by last evening's Mainland steamer.

C. A. Richardson and Capt. Langley were passengers to Victoria by the City of Kingston yesterday afternoon.

W. T. Mercer, Portland; George Wallace, Toronto, and W. Tappan, San Francisco, are at the Driard.

Miss Fanny Lawson arrived last night from Pender Island to spend the Easter holidays with her father, Mr. Henry Lawson.

TAME BLACKFISH.

They Come Up Readily to Take Live Minnows From the Attendant's Hand.

The blackfish in nature is shy, but in captivity, with kindness, it is easily tamed. In one of the pools of the city's aquarium at Castle Garden there are a number of blackfish, including some 15 inches long and weighing two pounds, that will take food, live killies, or minnows, from the hand. The killie is held just under the top of the water and the blackfish comes up and takes it, some moving a little warily as though investigating first so as to make sure that it was all right, and others coming up with confidence, taking the fish from the fingers and swallowing it with a smack.

Sometimes a minnow escapes from the fingers or from the fish that is trying to take it and darts away for safety, with two or three blackfish, sometimes more, after it. The little minnow sticks close to the edge of the pool and to the surface of the water. It is thus protected on one side by the wall of the pool, and at the surface it can swim faster than its pursuers, and being so much smaller it can turn much quicker than the blackfish. It may go half the length of the pool, hugging the wall, and then dart across the pool at right angles, with the big blackfish still after it. So long as the minnow keeps to the top it is safe, but if it goes to the bottom the chances are greatly against it. In deeper water the bigger fish can do better than the smaller fish.

Weakfish sometimes become very tame in captivity. One has been known to lift its head four inches out of water to seize a live killie held in the hand. —New York Sun.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

How Victoria's Athletic Young Men Will Occupy Themselves To day and To-morrow.

The Lacrosse Club and the Association—A Cyclist's Narrow Escape.

FIXTURES FOR TO DAY:

BASEBALL—The Junior Fernwoods and the Spring Ridge National play their opening match at Beacon Hill at 2:30 sharp.

ARCHERY—First outdoor meeting of the season of the C.O F. Archery Club at Parson's field, Topaze avenue.

CYCLING—Fifteen mile road race of the V.W.C.; start at 2:30 from Yates street opposite the Dominion hotel; finish at Beacon Hill.

THE GUN—First club shoot of the Union Gun Club at the Oak Bay traps; first club shoot of the Victoria Gun Club at Langford Plains.

THE WHEEL.

TO DAY'S ROAD RACE.

The first local racing event of the year for Victoria cyclists is the fifteen mile road race to be contested this afternoon, and although none of the competitors can be said to be in racing form thus early in the season, the contest promises to be close and interesting—though perhaps slow. The course is a measured fifteen miles, up Yates street to Cadboro Bay road, and via this thoroughfare, Oak Bay avenue, Foul Bay road and the new beach road to Beacon Hill, finishing with seven trips round the circle. Of those entered there will, it is expected, be nine starters—enough surely to make a good race Frank E. Alley will start alone from scratch, E W. Bradley having dropped out as he has taken no preparatory training. The scratch man will, if possible, overhaul W. F. Penwill, with one minute start, so that they can alternate in the pacemaking. The other starters will be M. C. Reynard, 5 minutes; Charles Bush, 6 minutes; S. P. Moody, 7 minutes; Harry Wille and Justin Gilbert, 9 minutes; J. H Duncan and W. Hewartson, 10 minutes. The race should be ridden in about 1 hour 20 minutes.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Thos. G. Moody, jr., who is wheeling with the "Olympic's" messengers as far as Portland, writes to the COLONIST as follows from Seattle; which city the wheelmen reached Wednesday evening at 9:30: "The boys had a rough trip from Vancouver to Seattle, and Howe had a narrow escape near Whatcom yesterday. He was riding railway ties when the storm came up and took wheel and wheelman about four feet. Howe was carried almost over the trestle which at this point is some sixty feet high. All that saved him was his leg catching between the ties as he fell; otherwise he would certainly have been killed.

"The boys in this city are all counting upon being in Victoria for Queen's Birthday The Vancouver club is practically dead and will not make much of a showing this year. Howe beat Barker in a five mile race on the Brockton Point track, 'for sport of course.' The Vancouver boys are anxious to have them locate in the Terminal city and try their luck against the Deemings."

ATHLETICS.

THE RUGBY CLUB'S SPRING MEETING.

To-morrow's athletic meeting of the Victoria Rugby Football Club, which is to be given at Caledonia park under the patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, promises to be a conspicuous success. The entry list, already published in the COLONIST, is large and satisfactory, while the grounds were never before in as fine condition. Patrons of sport must have viewed with satisfaction the progress made in athletics in the past few years, in this city in particular and in the province generally. The different branches have in their proper seasons been well before the public, but it must be admitted that the absence of a fixed, at least annual, athletic meeting where the members of the lacrosse, football and other clubs can meet and test their powers in sprinting and long distance races, etc., has been felt. The Victoria Rugby football club have recognized this want and it is to be hoped that their commendable and sportsmanlike undertaking will be crowned with every success. The entries are numerous and should be closely contested. The athletic brethren on the Sound are well represented in the open events. Finn's band will be in attendance during the afternoon, and Mrs. Dewdney has graciously consented to distribute the prizes at the conclusion of the sports.

The officers of the day are thus announced: Committee—H. B. Haines, E A. Carew Gibson, J. F. Foulkes, Q D H. Warden, J. M. Mills, C. G. Skene and J Fraser, (honorary secretary); J. K. Macrae, (honorary assistant secretary); Judges—W. C. Ward and F. B Gregory; Referee—Captain C P. Wolley; Starter—Captain Barnes, R M.A; Timekeeper—Dr. Douglas Corsan; Clerks of the course—W. E Fisher, G. L Sidey and F. Wollaston.

The following are the rules adopted governing the various events:

Drop kick—From behind a given line; each competitor to have three kicks, the longest to count; ball to alight between two posts fifteen yards apart.

Place kick—Each competitor to have three kicks in each position, first kick to be taken directly in front of goal, subsequent kicks in distances five yards from the starting point, moving towards touch line; if two or more competitors shall remain in the competition after goals have been kicked from the touch line, each competitor so remaining in shall have a try at goal from a point upon the touch line five yards further back from the goal line than the longest successful kick; if two or more competitors tie they shall retire another five yards and so on ad infinitum. The winner shall be the competitor kicking a goal from the furthest point. Each competitor entitled to three kicks from any position. The preliminary stages of the place kicking contest will take place at 2:30 this afternoon.

Rules for Starting—All starts shall be by report of pistol. The competitors will get on their mark, and when everything is in readiness the starter will say "Are you ready?" after which the pistol will be fired without further notice. A snap cap shall be no start. There shall be no recall after the pistol is fired. Any competitor starting before the signal shall be put back one yard. For the second offence another yard, and for the third shall be disqualified. He shall be held to have started when any portion of his body touches the ground in front of his mark.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

The Rugby football season will close on Monday next, when the Island v. Mainland match will take place at Nanaimo. The Island team will be composed of eight players from Nanaimo and seven from Victoria, as follows: H. Petticrew (Victoria), full back; S. Webster, E. Marshall (Nanaimo), J. M. Miller and J. F. Foulkes (Victoria), three-quarter backs; J. Quine (Nanaimo) and F. Smith (Victoria), half backs; G. Lister, M. Woodburn, J. Neens, M. Duffy, A. N. Other (Nanaimo), Q D. H. Warden, E. A. C. Gibson and J. P. Hibben (Victoria), forwards.

LACROSSE.

WILL GO TO OAK BAY.

The executive of the new Capital lacrosse club held a special and important meeting last evening, when two propositions as to grounds were considered—the one from Mr. W. A. Ward, representing the Caledonia Park syndicate, and the other from Mr. Hedley Chapman, for the tramway company. The latter was considered the most advantageous offer and the one best calculated to advance the interests of the national game. It was according unanimously accepted, with a vote of thanks to Mr. Chapman as representative of the company. A lease for three years will be prepared immediately, upon terms which practically give the club the use of the grounds rent free after the first year. Grand stands and other necessary structures will be erected as quickly as possible and in the meantime the club will take advantage of Mr. Virtue's generous offer of the use of dressing rooms in the Mount Baker hotel. A vote of thanks to Mr. Virtue for his thoughtfulness in this connection terminated last evening's proceedings.

READY TO SAY GOOD BYE.

VANCOUVER, April 11.—(Special)—R. Hall, A. Larwell, E A. Quigley, J. J. Cambridge, James Leamy and James Read met at the Hotel Vancouver to-night, with R. Hall in the chair. Those present discussed the resignation of the Victoria lacrosse club from the association, and read and discussed the official announcement of the result of the meeting of the Victoria club Wednesday night. After all present had spoken at length, the following resolutions were put to the meeting and unanimously carried:

"Moved by J. Leamy, seconded by A. Larwell, that the resignation of the Victoria Lacrosse Club be accepted."

"Moved by J. J. Cambridge, seconded and carried, that the annual meeting of the provincial association be postponed till Tuesday, the 16th April, to be held in the city of Vancouver at the Hotel Vancouver at 4:30 p.m.

THE GUN.

VICTORIA GUN CLUB OUTING.

The Victoria Gun Club will have their first club shoot and outing of the season at Langford plains to day, the match for the club trophy taking place at one o'clock. In the class shooting the club give the following six prizes in each class—gun case, two pounds Amberite, fishing basket, 300 Blue Rival shells, fly book, and silver flask. There will also be a consolation shoot today in which three handsome prizes presented by Short & Sons will be contested for.

FOR READY REFERENCE.

In view of the difference between the close seasons for game on the Eastern and Western sides of the Cascades mountains and of the numerous amendments which have from time to time been made in provincial legislation, it is only the man who makes the law a constant study that can avoid rendering himself liable to severe penalties for unwitting infractions of it. Superintendent Hussey, has, however, materially simplified matters by preparing a tabulated summary of the act, which, at a glance, shows the close seasons for the different varieties of birds and animals, cites the sections relating to them and also indicates when it is unlawful to buy, sell or expose them for sale. Other important and interesting matters on the subject are also made so plain that "he who runs may read," so that altogether the synopsis which is contained in about two pages only of a sheet of note paper, is one of the greatest interest and value. This synopsis may be had free on application at provincial police headquarters, and it is certain that many people will avail themselves of the opportunity for keeping themselves posted without expense and at the least amount of trouble and inconvenience to themselves.

THE OAR.

THE JAMES BAY CREWS.

The boating committee of the J.B.A.A. held a meeting last evening. Last year's senior crew has been picked to start work as soon as the shell is ready, which will be in the course of a week.

The usual list has been posted on the bulletin board for the names of members who are to start work for the Queen's Birthday regatta.

The committee wish to have the names of those intending to row entered at once so that no time may be lost in forming the crews.

WESTMINSTER RIFLEMEN.

The Westminster rifle association have elected the following officers: President, Captain Forin; patron, G. E. Corbould, M P.; secretary-treasurer, H. R. Townsend; committee, George Turnbull, S. A. Fletcher and Ralph Wilson. Mr. A. Henderson was elected an honorary member for 1895.

CRICKET.

THE COLLEGE CLUB REORGANIZE.

A well attended meeting of the Victoria College Cricket Club was held yesterday evening at the College, Beacon Hill, when the following officers were elected for the present year: President, Ven. Archdeacon Scriven; vice-president, Principal Church; captain, F. B. Ward; vice captain, G Wilson; secretary-treasurer, A R. Green. Committee—W. R Wilson, R. C. Trimen, J. H. Lawson, A. Langley and A. Goward. The secretary briefly alluded to the successes of the last season, and expressed the hope that a similar success would attend the coming one. The committee was instructed to make arrangements for the forthcoming matches with the various clubs.

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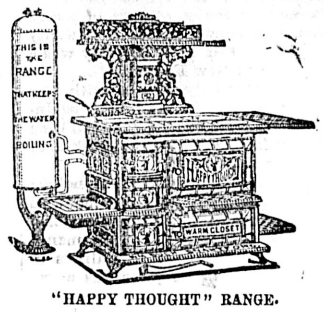

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THOMAS MELDRUM.
Chilcotin, April 1, 1895. ap12 1mw

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The Choir.
Solo—"Honor and Arms,"....(Samson) Handel
Mr. Rowlands.
Chorus—"O Father whose Almighty power" ....(Judas Maccabeus) Handel
The Choir
Solo—"I will extol Thee O Lord," ..... (Eli) Costa
Madame Laird.
Chorus—"Worthy is the Lamb,"..... (Messiah) Handel
The Choir.
Solo—"He was Despised,"...(Messiah) Handel
Mrs. Rowlands
Violin Solo.....Mr. E. A. Wolff
Solo and Chorus—"Inflammatus"..... (Stabat Mater) Rossini
Madame Laird and the Choir.
Solo (Organ)—"Offertoire in D," ..... Batiste
Mr. T. W. Fisher.
Chorus—"We never will bow down," ..... (Judas Maccabeus) Handel
Solo—"Pro Pecatis,"..... (Stabat Mater) Rossini
Mr. Rowlands
Chorus—"Hallelujah, ... (Messiah) Handel
The Choir.
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